IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF ATHENS-CLARKE COUNTY STATE OF GEORGIA

STATE OF GEORGIA)	
vs.) CASE NO.:	SU-22-CR-0321-S
LUKE HARRISON WALDROP,)	SU-23-CR-0477-S
Defendant.)	
)	

TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING ON MARSY'S LAW VIOLATION

Heard before the Honorable Lawton E. Stephens, Judge of the Superior Courts of the Western Judicial Circuit, in the Athens-Clarke County Courthouse, 325 East Washington Street, Athens, Georgia, on November 6, 2023.

APPEARANCES:

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I N D E X

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		Direct examination
	ALIC	E HAYES
		Direct examination
	DEBO	RAH GONZALEZ
		Cross-examination
	SIMO	NA ARROYO
		Direct examination
	MICH	AEL PROCHASKA
		Direct examination
	JOSH	NEAL
		Direct examination
STAT	re's W	ITNESSES
	DEBO	RAH GONZALEZ
		Direct examination
ARGI	JMENT:	
	Mr.	Fitzpatrick
THE		'S RULING
	_	

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1	THE COURT: We've got a Rule 22 request that we'll
2	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I'll go get Mr. Epps.
3	THE COURT: Oh, yeah. We've got a Rule 22 request
4	from Ms from Joan Rhoden. Okay, let me when Mr.
5	Epps comes in, we'll have you come up to the podium.
6	So we've got a Rule 22 request from Joan Rhoden.
7	MR. EPPS: No objection for us, Your Honor, on the
8	Rule 22 request.
9	THE COURT: Well, let me find out exactly what the
10	purpose of it is. Come on up, please, Ms. Rhoden. If
11	you'd just come up to the podium, please. And you are Ms.
12	Joan G. Rhoden?
13	MS. RHODEN: I am.
14	THE COURT: And yesterday at 2:42 p.m. you faxed a
15	notice of a request to use a recording device. So
16	exactly what recording device did you want to use?
17	MS. RHODEN: It is an iPhone and it's listed there,
18	iPhone.
19	THE COURT: And you wanted to to take a video of
20	the proceedings
21	MS. RHODEN: No. Just the audio.
22	THE COURT: or just audio record the proceedings?
23	MS. RHODEN: Yes sir.
24	THE COURT: And what would you be using that for?
25	What would be the purpose of that recording?

1	MS. RHODEN: In order to be able to quote accurately
2	anything that was said
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. RHODEN: within the courtroom rather than
5	trying to from memory.
6	THE COURT: And are you in the news media?
7	MS. RHODEN: No, I'm not.
8	THE COURT: So just you are here as a spectator; is
9	that correct?
10	MS. RHODEN: I am.
11	THE COURT: Okay. All right. So does the State have
12	any objection?
13	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I unfortunately do, Your
14	Honor. And my objection is going to be based on the
15	technology that's involved. I understand the Rule 22.
16	I've looked at it. I mean but an iPhone is also a
17	camera, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Yeah.
19	MR. WILSON: It's also a video recorder. I don't
20	know what the exact purpose is. There is a transcript
21	being taken of all these proceedings, Your Honor, and I
22	think that's the most accurate way to if there needs to
23	be a quote of things
24	THE COURT: Right.
25	MR. WILSON: a transcript is the appropriate way

1	to do it. I don't think there's a showing that this is a
2	necessity for her to record what's out this is an open
3	courtroom, Your Honor.
4	THE COURT: Right.
5	MR. WILSON: Everybody has been there's been
6	notice. I understand I understand that the goal
7	behind Rule 22, Your Honor, but I don't think that that
8	would be appropriate in this circumstance
9	THE COURT: Right. Okay.
LO	MR. WILSON: just because of what the ways I
L1	said that
L2	MR. EPPS: Judge Stephens
L3	THE COURT: Yes sir.
L 4	MR. EPPS: I just want to point out she filed the
L5	same Rule 22 in a Marsy's Law case last week. There was
L 6	no objection from the State. She used the recording
L7	device and
L 8	THE COURT: I'm sorry. Ms. Rhoden filed a
L 9	MR. EPPS: She did in the Marsy's Law case in Oconee
20	County involving Ms. Pierce. There was no objection by
21	Ms. Gonzalez. She abided by the Court's ruling and just
22	recorded it.
23	THE COURT: Okay.
24	MR. EPPS: I understand what Mr. Wilson is saying is
25	that it's a video and also a recording. But if the Court

1	directs her just to record it, I don't see that being an
2	issue.
3	THE COURT: All right. Ms. Rhoden, I'll grant your
4	request but it can only be a recording and not not any
5	kind of video.
6	MS. RHODEN: I understand.
7	THE COURT: Is that is that
8	MS. RHODEN: I understand.
9	THE COURT: So where is your iPhone going to be?
10	MS. RHODEN: Right in the top of my purse there.
11	THE COURT: Okay. All right. So thank you.
12	The first thing we need to talk about, I think, Mr.
13	Epps, is the State's motion to dismiss based on the status
14	of your petitioner. So I'm going to let the State go
15	first on their motion and then I'll let you respond.
16	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
17	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Mr. Wilson.
19	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor. Ms. Wilson is
20	not a covered victim as far as Marsy's Law. She unless
21	there's some evidence that she is in fact a spouse or a
22	blood relative.
23	THE COURT: Right.
24	MR. WILSON: That's what Marsy's Law was. And it's
25	very specific, Your Honor. I think I think I mean,

3 THE COURT: Right. Do you --MR. WILSON: Yes. 4 5 THE COURT: Do you want to -- do you want to put up some evidence on your motion? 6 7 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I didn't -- I didn't want to 8 put up -- I did not, Your Honor. But I do think that they 9 do have a burden, being the Movant in this party, to show 10 that the law does apply to her. 11 THE COURT: All right. 12 MR. WILSON: But that's -- that's our argument, Your 13 Honor. Without -- without any showing that she is 14 actually a victim as far as Marsy's Law defines it, I 15 don't think she has standing to come in front of the Court 16 and ask for this. 17 THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Epps? Yes, Your Honor. Let's start here. 18 MR. EPPS: 19 are going -- well, let me back up. I don't even think 20 they have a right to file a motion to dismiss at this 21 point, Your Honor, under the Marsy's Law. You know, this 22 is now my third iteration of Marsy's Law in this circuit. 23 Obviously, this is the first time before you, Judge 24 Stephens, as it relates to this.

that's what -- I don't -- we haven't seen any proof of a

marriage or anything other than a domestic --

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I would note that Ms. Gonzalez and her office in the

two Marsy's Law hearings prior to us has recognized that the statute clearly states that their only right that they have to be here is to be present. Ms. Gonzalez has in the Marsy's Law hearing last week acknowledged that they cannot object, they cannot cross-examine, they cannot participate in the Marsy's Law hearing based on the language of the statute that says that all they are allowed to do is to be present.

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So at first their response, which is a response and inside their response is the motion to dismiss, you have to address whether or not they even have the ability to do But that being said, Judge Stephens, is this. -- they seem to be suggesting that as we step in here today that we have some type of burden of -- to prove that she is the common law wife or has been married to the We will do that. You will have evidence as it victim. relates to that. That's a motion for summary judgment. That's not a motion to dismiss. But if you want to go straight on a motion to dismiss and on pleadings, so I want to just point you to it. Paragraph 1 of our motion: Movant is the surviving spouse of James V. Jones, the deceased victim in the indictment against Luke Harrison Judge Stephens, there's your pleading; right? Waldrop.

So on the motion to dismiss, and I cite $Anderson\ v$. Flake, on a motion to dismiss standard. May I approach,

Your Honor?

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THE COURT: Yes sir.

MR. EPPS: And I have a copy of Anderson v. Flake that talks exactly as it relates to a motion to dismiss. And I know the Court is very well aware of the standard, but if you go to paragraph 2, headnote 4, it lays it out: A motion to dismiss for failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted should not be sustained unless the allegations of the complaint disclose with certainty that the claimant would not be entitled to relief under the state of provable facts asserted in support thereof; and the movant establishes that the claimant could not possibly introduce evidence within the framework of the complaint sufficient to warrant a grant of relief sought. And if, within the framework of the complaint, evidence may be introduced which will sustain a grant of the relief sought by the claimant, the complaint is sufficient and a motion to dismiss should be denied. In deciding a motion to dismiss, all pleadings are to be construed most favorably to the party who filed them and all doubts regarding such pleadings must be resolved in the filing.

Well, paragraph 1 has to be viewed in the most favorable light, Judge. We stated that she was the spouse. And if I may, Judge, proffer this. Her office, Ms. Gonzalez's office, since the very beginning of this

case has treated Ms. Wilson as the spouse of the deceased. I have Alice Hayes here, the victim advocate before she left this office, who is going to testify that Ms. Wilson held herself out to be the spouse and it was never in doubt in Ms. Gonzalez's office that she was the spouse.

Furthermore, after this plea was entered into Ms.

Wilson wrote an email to the District Attorney's Office
with nine separate questions regarding this plea. Ms.

Gonzalez responded personally to that email. In that
email which I will introduce to you today, Ms. Gonzalez
recognized Ms. Wilson as the victim in this case. Then
they file a response with you that says that she was not
the wife of the deceased. Judge, they have been
contacting her for years as the victim in this case
through emails, their Tracker notes that we have show that
she's been doing this. It is completely disingenuous.
And quite frankly, to tell this Court that this woman
should not receive her day in front of you under Marsy's
Law is offensive.

So I will prove it if you want it. But on a motion to dismiss standard, they are wrong as to what we need to do.

THE COURT: Well, let me just say I'm going to let you go forward but you have to prove that she's a victim under \$17-17-3 as defined in subsection 11.

1 MR. EPPS: And we are prepared to do that, Judge 2 Stephens. 3 THE COURT: You're going to have to prove that she's a victim, which to me means you're going to have to prove 4 5 that she's the spouse of the deceased. So I'm going to let you go forward but you're going to have to prove her 6 7 status as the spouse of the deceased, okay? 8 MR. EPPS: Yes sir, we'll do it. 9 THE COURT: All right. 10 MR. EPPS: Yes sir. 11 THE COURT: All right. Did y'all want to make 12 opening statements then before we go forward or do you 13 just want to get into the evidence? MR. EPPS: A couple of just housekeeping matters, 14 15 Judge, if I may before opening statements. I'd like to invoke the Rule. But before we invoke the Rule we have 16 17 numerous subpoenas out and we have requested certain documentation from those witnesses, including Ms. Gonzalez 18 19 and the others. And before the hearing begins, I'd like 20 to have that information. They are all subpoenas issued 21 to people in her office outside of Alice Hayes and I'd 22 like to have that information for the purposes of this 23 hearing. Subpoenas for what? 24 THE COURT: Documents? 25 MR. EPPS: Documents, Tracker notes, case files.

1	THE COURT: All right.
2	MR. EPPS: The case is now closed, Your Honor, and
3	we're looking for that information.
4	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wilson, do you want to
5	respond to that?
6	MR. WILSON: Well, Your Honor, we have had I do
7	have I am prepared to comply with the discovery
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	MR. WILSON: request. However, I do want to just
10	state for record
11	THE COURT: Sure.
12	MR. WILSON: I don't think that this is an
13	appropriate forum for a discovery request for subpoenaing
14	records.
15	THE COURT: But you have the documents and you're
16	willing to turn them over to Mr. Epps?
17	MR. WILSON: I do.
18	THE COURT: Okay. Go ahead then. Thank you. So are
19	both sides invoking the Rule?
20	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Mr. Wilson, are you invoking the Rule of
22	Sequestration on your side for your witnesses or for Mr.
23	Epps' witnesses?
24	MR. WILSON: I don't believe so, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: No? Okay. So, Mr. Wilson, can you

1	identify the witnesses that you're going to call and I'll
2	subject them to the Rule of Sequestration? Do you have
3	witnesses you intend to call in the hearing?
4	MR. WILSON: I did not I did not have any
5	witnesses for the State.
6	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
7	MR. WILSON: But I think I think no.
8	THE COURT: All right.
9	MR. WILSON: Long answer, no.
10	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
11	MR. EPPS: So, Your Honor, we would invoke the Rule
12	as to Ms. Gonzalez, Mr. Neal, Ms. Simona Arroyo, and Alice
13	Hayes.
14	THE COURT: They're not witnesses.
15	MR. EPPS: Well, we've
16	THE COURT: They've indicated they're not going to be
17	called as witnesses.
18	MS. GONZALEZ: Not by the State.
19	MR. EPPS: We plan on calling them, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: You subpoenaed them?
21	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. EPPS: Yes.
24	THE COURT: All right.
25	MR. EPPS: So we would ask that they

2 to wait in the hall until called. 3 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I would -- I would -- I would object to Ms. Gonzalez being sequestered from this 4 5 hearing, Your Honor. Under Marsy's Law \$17-17-15, the D.A. has a right to be here. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. 8 MR. WILSON: And so I don't think it's appropriate to send her out. 9 10 THE COURT: All right. 11 MR. WILSON: I think she needs to be here or she has 12 a right to be here. 13 THE COURT: Would you like for me to exempt her from the Rule of Sequestration? 14 15 MR. WILSON: Thank you. 16 THE COURT: All right. Do you want to be heard? 17 MR. EPPS: We would not -- we would not ask for you 18 to be exempt. 19 THE COURT: Okay. 20 MR. EPPS: The D.A.'s office has a right to have 21 someone present -- here present, Judge. Not participate. 22 Nothing. So Mr. Wilson is obviously speaking on behalf of 23 the District Attorney's Office. She is a witness. She has been properly subpoenaed and we'd ask that she be 24 25 sequestered.

THE COURT: So those who are subpoenaed, you'll need

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1	THE COURT: Well, under §17-17-15 I'm going to hold
2	that she's exempt from the Rule. I'm going to allow her
3	to be exempt from the Rule of Sequestration and remain in
4	here to assist. Okay?
5	MR. EPPS: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: All right.
7	MR. EPPS: With that, Mr. Fitzpatrick is going to
8	call our first witness in this case.
9	THE COURT: All right, sir. You may proceed.
10	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you, Your Honor. I call Ms.
11	Susan Wilson.
12	THE COURT: Come on up. If you'll raise your right
13	hand, please, to take an oath.
14	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
15	THE COURT: Have a seat, pull up to the microphone,
16	make sure you speak loudly enough for everyone to hear.
17	And I'm going to ask you to state your name and spell your
18	first name and your last name for the court reporter.
19	THE WITNESS: My name is Susan Wilson. S as in
20	Samantha, U, S as in Susan, A, N as in Nancy. Wilson, W
21	as in Wanda, I as in Imogen, L as in Lucy, S as in
22	Samantha, O as in Olga, N as in Nancy.
23	THE COURT: All right. Thank you. You may question
24	the witness.
25	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank vou. Your Honor.

	SUSAN WILSON
Call	ed as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
	DIRECT EXAMINATION
BY MR.	FITZPATRICK:
Q	Ms. Wilson, when did your relationship with Mr. James
Jones,	the deceased, begin?
А	A little bit before 1985.
Q	And how old how old are you at the time?
А	Because of the timing of our meeting, I was between
22 and	23 years old. And he was 31.
Q	Thank you, ma'am. And did y'all begin living
togethe	er at that time?
А	Soon after.
Q	So did you live continuously together soon after you
met in	1985 until his death in 2022?
А	Yes.
Q	Tell us
А	We were only apart for a few months while he was in
Oman.	
	BY MR. Q Jones, A Q A 22 and Q togethe A Q met in A Q A

1 accounts together? 2 Yes, we did. 3 And did y'all sleep together? Α 4 Yes. 5 Tell the Court what things y'all did together. 6 Everything pretty much. Anything that people 7 cohabiting did. We went on trips, hiking, rock climbing, ice 8 climbing, kayaking, many things outdoors, bicycle riding. often took friends of ours with us to teach them rock climbing. 10 We also worked for a while in a garage together while he was 11 trying to set up a body shop. We -- several years later I 12 began working as the unit director of a Boys and Girls Club. 13 He volunteered there to help clean and to help with the kids. And after the staff of the organization learned that he had 14 15 been working as my de facto janitor, they were able to find 16 money in the budget to fund his position. So we could say that 17 he worked for me for a year or so. And --0 Did --18 19 Α Yes? 20 0 -- did you consider Mr. Jones your husband? 21 Α Yes, I did. 22 Did he consider you his wife? 23 Yes, he did. Α Did you hold yourself out as a married couple? 24 0 25 Α Yes, we did.

1	Q	Okay.
2	А	Although he preferred the term partner.
3	Q	Pardon me?
4	А	He preferred the term partner, as he felt it was a
5	more accur	rate description than husband and wife.
6	Q	Okay. But that was just y'alls choice?
7	А	That was our choice.
8	Q	You did not go through a ceremonial marriage, did
9	you?	
10	А	No, we did not.
11	Q	Okay. During this ordeal after Mr. Jones was killed,
12	did you ha	ave regular contact with a victim's advocate from the
13	District Attorney's Office?	
14	А	Until September of September 30th.
15	Q	Of what year?
16	А	Of that year.
17	Q	2022?
18	А	2022.
19	Q	Let me show you what I've marked as Movant's Exhibit
20	1 and ask	you to identify this set of documents, please, ma'am.
21	Are these	email conversations between you and Ms. Alice Hayes
22	who was a	victim's advocate in the District Attorney's Office
23	at that ti	ime?
24	А	Yes, they are.
25	Q	Did she ever question you as not being a victim in

1	this case?
2	A No, she did not.
3	Q Did she ever question you about your status as being
4	married or not married to Mr. Jones?
5	A No, she did not.
6	Q Did she ever even ask you if you were formally
7	married to Mr. Jones?
8	A I don't recall.
9	Q Okay. You said that this contact continued until
10	September '22. Now, let's go back and get the date that Mr.
11	Jones was killed.
12	A March 3rd.
13	Q Of what year?
14	A 2022.
15	Q Okay. And in the last contact you had with Ms. Hayes
16	in September of 2022, did you inquire about the status of the
17	case? In fact, did you inquire about the status of the case on
18	a regular basis?
19	THE COURT: Would you hold on one second, please?
20	THE WITNESS: Yes.
21	THE COURT: Could you hold on one second.
22	All right. Sorry about that. You may proceed.
23	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
24	Q Let me ask the last question again. On a regular
25	basis did you inquire of Ms. Hayes about the status of the

criminal case against the defendant who had run over your husband?

A I did. My next to last communication with her does inquire about that. If you'd like, I can read it.

Q Sure.

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September 27th. I hope you've been doing -- there was previous things about personal issues and in the next paragraph I asked I hope you've been doing well and that your last communication was not to send me important news like trial dates or charge dismissals. Please send me an email to let me know that you got this and if there is anything you think I should know about the case or anything else. In her response she says I don't have any updates for you about the case at this time but you are also welcome to call or email to check. I'd be happy to chat with you whenever it's convenient for you. That's from September 28th. The -- at some point during these -- I could find it for you if you have a few minutes to wait. Also in phone calls I -- she did tell me that because of the caseload and how busy they were, there would probably be no movement on the case for some time and in fact it might be a year or more before it made it onto the court calendar, much less appeared before a judge.

MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I offer into evidence Movant's Exhibit 1.

THE COURT: Any objection, Mr. Wilson?

MR. WILSON: No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Admitted.

BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]

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Q So after September 28th and 29th of 2022, when was the next communication you received from the District Attorney's Office?

- A September 21st, 2023.
- Q Would you tell the Court about that.

I teach GED and English as a second language Α Yes. courses at Athens Technical College. On the morning of September 21st, I was in class and had turned my ringer down so as not to disturb the students. I checked my phone during class and saw that I had gotten a call from the victim advocate's office and reached back out after my classes were over, but that was not until late in the afternoon. point there was no voicemail left. When I called back, I was told by a new victim's advocate that the D.A. and the defendant had appeared before a judge with a plea bargain and that plea bargain had been accepted which reduced the charges that were originally place on the accident report by the police from vehicular homicide in the first degree with DUI to vehicular homicide in the second degree, reducing the charge from a felony to a misdemeanor, and that the sentence had been reduced to probation, community service, and a roughly \$2,000 fine with no jail time.

1	Q Did you subsequently have an email exchange with
2	another victim's advocate in the District Attorney's Office?
3	A The communication I received I had on September
4	21st was with Serona [sic] whose last Arroyo not my
5	original victim's advocate. I was told that Alice Hayes was no
6	longer with the office.
7	Q Let me show you what I've marked as Exhibit M-2 and
8	would you explain to the judge what we have here. Identify
9	that for the Court.
10	A Yes. This is an email from Deborah Gonzalez after my
11	initial contact with Serona Arroyo. I was understandably not
12	very capable of formulating questions about the case. Over the
13	course of the evening questions did arise. I sent her a list
14	of them. The next morning apparently she handed them to the
15	District Attorney and the District Attorney sent me responses
16	to each of those questions.
17	Q Did you receive a reply from the District Attorney
18	herself?
19	A Yes, I did.
20	Q At any time did she ever question your status as
21	being married, either by ceremony or by common law, to Mr.
22	Jones?
23	A I no.
24	Q Throughout
25	A None in none of these answers and in none of the

1	emails that are listed that I sent to you that are listed
2	here is there any question of my marital status.
3	Q In all the emails both from Ms. Hayes and Ms. Arroyo
4	and the District Attorney herself, did they refer to you as the
5	victim?
6	A Yes.
7	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I offer into evidence
8	Movant's Exhibit 2. M-2.
9	THE COURT: Any objection? Any objection from the
10	State?
11	MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Admitted.
13	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
14	Q After September 21 of 2023, did you find out how long
15	the court proceeding on September 21 had been scheduled?
16	A Not from the District Attorney's Office, no.
17	Q Well, did you find out otherwise?
18	A I found out in conversation with you and
19	Q Let's look at Exhibit M-3. After September 21 of
20	2023, did you see a copy of Exhibit M-3?
21	A No.
22	Q Did you find out the date that the hearing for
23	September 21 had been scheduled?
24	A No.
25	Q Okay. Do you know now when it was scheduled?

1	А	According to this it says the defendant will be
2	called for	r a plea calendar on September 21st, 2023 at 9:00 a.m.
3	and a tria	al calendar on September 25th, 2023 at 9:00 a.m.
4	Q	And what was the date of that, please, ma'am?
5	А	I am looking for it. 29th August 2023.
6	Q	Okay.
7		MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I offer into evidence
8	Exhil	oit M-3.
9		MR. WILSON: No objection, Your Honor.
10		THE COURT: Admitted.
11	BY MR. FI	TZPATRICK: [Resuming]
12	Q	Since September 21 of 2023, have you read a copy of
13	the transo	cript of the guilty plea that was entered on September
14	21 of 2023	3?
15	А	Yes, I have.
16	Q	Let me show you what I've marked as Exhibit M-4 and
17	would you	identify that report, please.
18	А	That is this is a copy of a transcript of the
19	guilty ple	ea by Luke Harrison Waldrop in case number
20	SU23CR047	7S.
21		MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I offer into evidence
22	Exhil	oit M-4.
23		THE COURT: Any objection?
24		MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
25		THE COURT: Admitted.

1	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
2	Q Let me show you and just hold onto that for a
3	moment. Let me show you what I've marked as Exhibit M-5. Do
4	you recognize that, please, ma'am?
5	A Very well.
6	Q Tell the Court what that is, please.
7	A This is the Georgia Motor Vehicle crash report from
8	March 3rd, 2022 at 11:06 involving the death of James Vivean
9	Jones in an accident between a bicycle and a driver, Luke
10	Waldrop.
11	Q Did you obtain a copy of this before September 21 of
12	this year?
13	A Yes. Very shortly after the accident happened when
14	they concluded their investigation.
15	Q And did you read the entire report?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And let's talk about the information in that report.
18	MR. FITZPATRICK: First of all, I offer into evidence
19	Exhibit M-5.
20	THE COURT: Is there an objection, Mr. Wilson?
21	MR. WILSON: There is, Your Honor.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. WILSON: I think we're far afield of why we're
24	here today, Your Honor. And I do I do question the
25	relevancy of an accident report which is obviously a

hearsay document and they're trying to admit it through -through Ms. Wilson. I don't think she's proper foundation
for this.

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What about that, Mr. Fitzpatrick? THE COURT: Well, Your Honor, as I understand, MR. FITZPATRICK: looking at the Georgia Crime Victims Bill, it doesn't really talk about whether there can be -- first of all, there can be any objections to any evidence at all. prosecuting attorney just has a right to be present. Ιt doesn't say anything about objections. If the legislature of Georgia had wanted the prosecuting attorney's office to be a party to the hearing, to participate in the hearing, to object, to cross-examine witnesses, it would have said So if we look to the legislative intent of the Georgia Crime Victims law, then I would suggest to you that we take it on its face and it simply says a prosecuting attorney has the right to be present. Ιt doesn't say to participate in any way whatsoever.

Furthermore, the purpose of this, along with Exhibit M-4 which has already been introduced, is you will get to hear from Ms. Wilson what she would have said had she had proper notice of the hearing on September 21 --

THE COURT: Right.

MR. FITZPATRICK: -- to point out the discrepancies between what was said in the transcript of the guilty plea

1	versus what was noted on the Motor Vehicle Crash Report
2	which she
3	THE COURT: All right. I'll allow it.
4	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you.
5	THE COURT: I'll overrule the objection.
6	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, may I hand you a copy?
7	THE COURT: Are you tendering M-5?
8	MR. FITZPATRICK: Yes, M-5.
9	THE COURT: It's admitted over objection.
10	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you.
11	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
12	Q So let's look at M-5 because we're talking about what
13	happened when your husband was killed. First of all, let's
14	look on the second page. It says the bicycle had a working
15	headlight. Would you agree with that?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Tell the Court what kind of headlight that your
18	husband had on his bicycle.
19	A This was an LED light. I do not remember the brand
20	name but it is one it was the reason he got it was
21	because it was one of the brightest lights around and he was
22	Q And it also says there was a flashing red LED light
23	facing the rear.
24	A Yes.
25	Q Would you agree with that?

1	А	Oh, yes.
2	Q	That was on his bicycle at all times?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Okay. And it says he was wearing bright yellow
5	clothing	and a helmet.
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	Would you agree with he was wearing bright yellow
8	clothing?	
9	А	He always wore the helmet. He always wore bright
10	clothing.	
11	Q	Now, have you looked back at what the status of the
12	moon was	that night?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	What was it?
15	А	It was just after the new moon.
16	Q	And do you know precisely where this crash took
17	place?	
18	А	Very well.
19	Q	And would you tell the Court if there's any light in
20	the area?	
21	А	There is a traffic light at the corner of Westchester
22	and Talla	assee.
23	Q	And is there any street lights in that area?
24	А	There is a street light there.
25	Q	Okay. Now looking on at page 3 of this report, did

the author of this report make any information -- give any 1 2 information about the status of the driver, what he was --3 In the report he states Driver 1 was determined to be under the influence at the time of the crash. After the DUI 4 investigation was concluded, he was arrested and transported to 5 the Clarke County Jail where he was issued citations for DUI, 6 7 vehicular homicide first degree, and failure to provide 8 clearance passing a bicycle. If I may volunteer, on the first page where you have the check for suspect at fault, the check 10 is under Luke Waldrop's name. 11 Okay. And Driver 1 is identified as Mr. Waldrop; 12 correct? 13 Α Yes. Let's go on to the next page of the report, actually 14 15 two pages over, and this is information presented or written by 16 Joey Lewis of the Clarke County Police Department. Did he note 17 any information about the condition of the driver, Mr. Waldrop? He notes that Mr. Waldrop displayed physical 18 Α 19 manifestations -- quote, physical manifestations of alcohol 20 impairment such as bloodshot watery eyes, thick slurred speech, 21 and swaying back and forth as he was talking with others, 22 unquote. 23 And let's turn to the next page. Does Mr. Lewis go 24 on to say what he personally observed? 25 Yes. The bicyclist was wearing a typical, quote,

road bicycle suit that consisted of a bright yellow top and had a red LED light attached to the rear of the bicycle, still blinking as we investigated. The bicycle also had a front headlight on the bicycle and was still illuminating. Collision caused the bicyclist to become ejected from the bicycle and his body struck the windshield of the Honda. The collision then redirected his body to fly off the windshield and land in the ditch on the northeast shoulder of Tallassee Road. Later on, quote, I met with Waldrop and I observed he was displaying physical manifestations of alcohol impairment such as bloodshot watery eyes, thick slurred speech, and he was swaying back and forth and side by side as he moved -- as he stood, unquote. I can add more.

Q Okay. So were tests administered then, these field tests?

A Yes.

Q And did Mr. Waldrop, for lack of a better word, fail each of these tests -- most of these, if not all of these, tests?

A Most of them. He's failed -- he -- a total of -- he discusses the nystagmus in his gaze, noting vertical nystagmus, the onset of nystagmus prior to 45 degrees in both of his eyes, distinct and sustained nystagmus at maximum deviation in both of his eyes. In the walk-and-turn test he was unable to maintain balance while listening to the instructions and broke

1	the instruction test multiple times. He used his arm for
2	balance while walking down and back. He missed heel-to-toe
3	multiple times. He stepped off line. He made an improper
4	turn. He spun around on his left heel and lost his balance.
5	That was six of six clues. On a later test the detective
6	the officers observed five of eight clues in the one-leg stand.
7	And then in another test three of four clues were observed of
8	apparently impairment.
9	Q And you read all of this shortly after the crash on
10	March the 3rd?
11	A Not immediately after but a few days.
12	Q Yes. Now, turn over to the next test, next page.
13	Does it go on to give more information on more tests that were
14	administered at the site?
15	A I can read the details of the tests that I just
16	described.
17	Q Well, let's just summarize. First of all, was there
18	a walk-and-turn test?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And what was he unable to do?
21	A I'm sorry. I've lost
22	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I'm going to repost my
23	objection, Your Honor, as far as relevance and scope of
24	this hearing. She's reading
25	THE COURT: Well, the document speaks for itself, Mr.

1	Fitzpatrick.
2	MR. FITZPATRICK: All right, sir.
3	THE COURT: So I don't know whether or not we need to
4	have her read it. It's already been admitted over
5	objection from the State. So maybe we should move on.
6	MR. FITZPATRICK: I will move on, Your Honor.
7	THE COURT: All right.
8	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
9	Q So you became familiar with this document?
10	A Yes.
11	Q So let's look back at the transcript of the guilty
12	plea. Turn to page 13 where Mr. Ballard says the area where
13	this occurred is dark. There are no lights. Is that accurate?
14	A No.
15	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, once again, I'm going to
16	object to this transcript.
17	THE COURT: Yeah, I'll have to sustain that
18	objection.
19	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
20	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
21	Q Is there information in the transcript that had you
22	been in court on September the 21st that you would have pointed
23	out to the Court in your victim's statement before the Court
24	imposed sentence?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And is there contradictory evidence stated by Mr.
2	Ballard in the transcript that is contradictory to the police
3	report itself?
4	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I'm
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	MR. WILSON: I'm going to renew my objection.
7	THE COURT: I sustain the objection. The document
8	speaks for itself, and the transcript is in evidence.
9	MR. FITZPATRICK: Okay.
10	BY MR. FITZPATRICK: [Resuming]
11	Q So let's talk about what you would have said to the
12	Court if you had been present on September the 21st of this
13	year at that court proceeding, if you had been given notice,
14	reasonable notice.
15	A Shall I make my statement now?
16	Q Yes ma'am. You can say whatever you would like to
17	say.
18	A Your Honor, District Attorney Gonzalez, other
19	attorneys, distinguished personnel of the Court, and guests, I
20	would like to take advantage of the opportunity presented to me
21	at this time to speak to this matter. If I may, I would like
22	to crave the Court's indulgence so that I may give some
23	background to the requests being made today.
24	Six hundred and thirteen days ago a little before

midnight on a Thursday, a man died in a traffic accident.

While that may not seem like earth shattering news -- heaven knows, hundreds, perhaps hundreds of thousands of people die in traffic accidents every year in the United States -- it was noteworthy to me and others for several reasons.

First, this was one of only 11 traffic fatalities in Athens-Clarke County in 2022. And when your fatality rate for any category is that low, any deaths deserve notice and examination.

Second, the victim was riding a bicycle, which makes this death a concern to the cycling community of Athens-Clarke County which faces very real safety concerns every day and has -- has for over 50 years if not longer.

Next, this fatality occurred on what is considered by not only pedestrians, cyclists, and drivers, but those members of the government tasked with making travel in our community safer, one of the most dangerous roads in Clarke County. This is rather graphic proof that major changes need to be made to the whole road, not just the recent changes to the bridge.

Finally, for me at least, the most noteworthy thing was that the victim was one of the two most important men in my life. My best friend, my teacher and coach, simultaneously my biggest supporter and strongest reality check, my in-house tailor, mechanic, counselor, support staff in some of my most important jobs, my partner in so many things, my husband of 37 years, James Vivean Jones, Jr. In many ways my life ended that

night as well.

Jim, an experienced caver, rock climber, bicyclist, hiker, and martial artist, had always stressed preparedness for anything in any risky endeavor and that any member of a group should be able to rescue themselves should something happen to the group leader. I discovered that I was completely unprepared for the abrupt and brutal loss of my emotional roadblock and -- bedrock. I'm sorry.

I didn't realize it at the time, but I froze, unable to make any significant decisions in anything like a timely fashion even with the help and prodding of my longtime friends. I fled to the comfort of work, to the classroom that in spite of its own special stresses was a refuge where I could feel in control and capable of helping my students acquire the skills they needed to improve their lives even as the rest of my own life was disintegrating in spite of everything I was trying to do.

I went from trying to get a mortgage for the house we had been renting for almost 30 years to frantically searching for a new place that I could afford to rent on my salary alone when my landlady accepted a cash offer from the next-door neighbor and I lost the home of my heart.

Soon after all of that I reached out to a local lawyer who Jim had known well who specialized in accident cases involving bicyclists and he started working with a lawyer for

another firm on filing auto insurance claims. They also examined the photos and evidence from the scene of the accident to prepare an analysis.

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In April a victim advocate from the Office of the District Attorney reached out to me. After some false starts we had several meetings to discuss my situation and resources that she could connect me with. During those conversations I did ask her to keep me informed about the case's progress, and she said that she would. In June I received an email from her saying that the arraignment for the driver, a man named Luke Waldrop, would be in a week and that I could attend if I wished. I did indeed and took the day off work. Two friends came with me for moral support. We waited several hours without hearing his name called. The advocate, Alice Hayes, got phone calls at several points during the proceedings, and after one of them, came over to me to report that Waldrop had entered a guilty plea the day before and, therefore, would not be appearing in court. She did not seem to know how that would affect the case but said that she would inform me as soon as she heard anything.

Over the next few months I was not able to meet with her as often as I wanted because of working, packing up the house to move, and looking for another place to live. We did communicate by email and had some in-person meetings which were mostly centered around discussing possible rental assistance

and counseling. During those meetings and in at least one email I did ask her for updates on the case and when it might go to trial. She said at least once that she wasn't sure, especially considering the caseload that the office had and that it would probably be for one to two years before it was put on the court calendar.

The last email I received from her was on September 30th, although, of course, I did not know it was the last one. And it was a response to an email I had sent her in which I apologized for not answering her email sooner and asking if she had known anything more about the case. Subsequent events to be detailed below took over my attention in the ensuing months. In moments when I had a chance to think about it, I would realize that I had not heard anything from her in some time but I trusted that she would let me know if there were any happenings related to the case. This was a comfort to me in the next few months, as they proved to be a test to put it mildly.

The summer following Jim's death would mark the two-year anniversary of my mother's death which had happened in August of 2020 following a slow decline from bipolar disorder into dementia. My father had wrecked his own health trying to take care of her by himself. And as a result of the depression he suffered in the months after, he began having problems with his heart which resulted in the installation of a pacemaker.

Continued problems led to a diagnosis of chronic heart failure which meant he now had to follow a strict medication regime not dissimilar to the one he had to make sure my mother followed.

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In spite of everything, he began taking an interest in life again to the point where he joined my younger sister and her husband on a cross-country western states tour in the fall of 2022. Not long after their return, a fall in his home led to a visit to the emergency room and thence to his admission as his doctors tried to figure out why he had fallen and why he was not improving. A week after his admission a sudden change in his condition prompted them to move him to the ICU. And a few days after that, his condition declined suddenly and he suffered a heart attack which actually stopped his heart. They were able to bring him back to life but not to full consciousness, and they told us he would never survive without the respirator they had had to put him on. My siblings and I agreed that he would not want to live that way. And on October 27th we let the doctors take him off the respirator and sat with him as he slipped away from us, seven months after a drunk driver had torn Jim away from me.

I had now lost the two most important men in my life and wanted nothing to do with the world. However, I could not bear to be alone at home with nothing to distract me from my grief and feelings of guilt and what if. What if he had not been called to work that afternoon to cover for a sick co-

worker? What if I had gone to get him instead of -- when he got off work instead of letting him ride, which he loved? What if I had realized sooner how late he was and had gone to look for him? What if, what if, what if.

Work was a refuge and I threw myself into it, spending 12-hour days on the Athens Tech campus. Jim's sister, who lived nine hours away in Virginia, and I had agreed that I would serve as administrator of his estate. So any spare time I had was devoted to settling his affairs and helping my siblings start on my father's far more complicated financial and real estate situation. My new life was becoming my new normal and the walls between the shattered pile of despair, oh so slowly setting up my new rental home, and the busy coping teacher that I was at work were getting higher.

A year and a week after the one-year anniversary of Jim's death I had to euthanize one of our pets because of a spinal tumor that took him from happy, bouncing, inquisitive, loving to wobbling to almost completely paralyzed and incontinent in a matter of three weeks. Needless to say, the walls I was erecting had taken a severe battering.

I tell you this -- I tell you all these details not to play on your sympathy or to try to feel sorry for me. I'm still here, after all. I don't know how many people would still be here under these circumstances. I tell you this so that you understand how desperately I needed to believe that

after all that trauma crashing into my life every six to seven months like defective clockwork that there would be some kind of justice for Jim. His killer had pled quilty after all or at least that was my understanding. Surely all that remained was deciding how much time he would serve and where. I did not expect to hear from the D.A.'s Office soon. I had been told after all by my victim advocate that their office was very busy working multiple cases and it might be two years or more before his case was even put on a court calendar much less brought before a judge but she would keep me informed. She had sent me notice about the arraignment after all in time for me to get away from campus and attend. Surely she would inform me when the sentencing would happen, and I could see the man who had killed Jim and know that he would serve time. In retrospect this was probably hopelessly naive, but you tell yourself what you need to to get through the day, especially when you're not sure why you even bother.

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The morning of September 21st my phone rang during the first class of the day. We have already talked about that. There had been no word from the office for almost a year for either me or his sister. Nothing. Not a voicemail, not an email, not a text, not even a call and hang up. There was no chance to express my thoughts on the deal and say how much I did not agree to the terms. Not even a notice that a deal had been made and what the terms were. Neither of us, myself his

wife, or Jim's sister who was close to his age were given a reasonable opportunity to appear in the hearing and express our objections in person.

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So why am I bringing this motion? I have already told people that I don't expect justice for Jim anymore. The verdict has been rendered. However, I want my chance to present his side and my side of the case, a chance he never got and what I want to do now. When you read the description in the papers, a 67-year-old security guard riding his bicycle home after work, I know what most people imagine. A creaky old geezer wobbling down the side of the road on a junker bike getting in people's way and taking up space on a road he has no business being on. Nothing could have been further from the This was a man who was still vibrant, still vital, still with the glazing, rapacious curiosity that he had all his life about the world, the intellect, and huge appetite for knowledge, the intellect that impressed university professors and his friends, some of whom said that he changed their lives through the course of their discussions. He was still vital, still active, planning to ride the Continental Divide trail after -- when he had a chance.

I am still in shock that this force of life, of intellect, of whatever you care to name it is gone as the result not of a health issue like my father or my mother, not as a result of what I always expected to happen to him, an

accident or a failure of a rock face as he was climbing up it. 1 2 No, it was the result of a drunk driver not paying attention to 3 what he was doing. I was promised that I would be informed of what 4 happened in the course of these events. I never -- after 5 September 30th, I was not. I don't know why. 6 I've never 7 received a satisfactory explanation for that. And the answers 8 I got in response to my questions, there were nine of them, were not satisfactory. I am outraged by what happened. I am 10 still outraged. My hope is that no one, not even my -- I won't 11 say my worst enemy -- but not even someone that I truly dislike 12 should ever, ever have to go through what I have been through 13 over the last 613 days. And I apologize for going overtime, but it had to be 14 15 said. 16 And if I may, I need to ask just a few more 17 questions. That's fine. 18 Α 19 When you and Jim began your relationship in 1985, 20 were you both of sound mind? 21 Α Yes. 22 Did either of you have a living spouse of a previous 23 undissolved marriage? 24 No. Α 25 Were y'all related to each other by blood or marriage

1	within the prohibited degree of third cousins?
2	A No.
3	Q And did you in fact enter into an oral marriage
4	contract where you considered yourself husband and wife?
5	A Yes.
6	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, that's all the
7	questions I have of this witness.
8	THE COURT: Cross-examination, Mr. Wilson?
9	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, may I have about a five-
10	minute break?
11	THE COURT: All right. We'll take a five-minute
12	recess.
13	[Brief recess is taken.]
14	THE COURT: All right. So, Ms. Wilson, if you'll
15	please resume the witness stand.
16	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I'd like to
17	THE COURT: Where is Ms. Wilson?
18	MR. FITZPATRICK: impose an objection to cross-
19	examination. O.C.G.A. §17-17-15 at (c)(3) simply says if
20	the court conducts a hearing, the prosecuting attorney and
21	the defendant shall have a right to be present at such
22	hearing. And that's the extent of the legislature's
23	ruling not ruling, but content on this matter.
24	THE COURT: Right.
25	MR. FITZPATRICK: I just object that the prosecuting

attorney has no right to cross-examination.	
THE COURT: Well, I think they're entitled to due	
process at the very least. So I'll allow it.	
MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you.	
THE COURT: You may cross-examine the witness.	
MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.	
CROSS-EXAMINATION	
BY MR. WILSON:	
Q Ms. Wilson	
A Yes.	
Q did you did you receive an insurance settlement	
in regards to this case?	
A Auto insurance.	
Q From whom?	
A Both my auto insurance company and his, which	
happened to be the same company.	
THE COURT: When you say his, you're talking about	
THE WITNESS: Jim Jones'.	
THE COURT: Okay.	
THE WITNESS: No. Luke Waldrop's. Sorry.	
BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]	
Q Did you receive the proceeds from that settlement?	

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1	done at the urging of the lawyers who worked with me on the		
2	claims.		
3	Q	Did you ever explain to anyone in the D.A.'s office	
4	that you	were a domestic partner, not a not married?	
5	А	No one ever asked.	
6	Q	Did you	
7		MR. WILSON: Excuse me just for a moment.	
8	BY MR. WI	ILSON: [Resuming]	
9	Q	Did you receive life insurance proceeds from him?	
10	А	That was a tale.	
11	Q	I'm sorry?	
12	А	The short answer is no.	
13	Q	Do you know why not?	
14	А	Because the company that he worked for lost his	
15	application to have me named the beneficiary. He could have		
16	named anyone a beneficiary.		
17	Q	Do you know who was who they who they were paid	
18	to?		
19	А	As far as I know, there were no life insurance	
20	benefits	paid to anyone.	
21	Q	Not his sister?	
22	А	No.	
23	Q	Okay.	
24		MR. WILSON: Nothing further, Your Honor.	
25		THE COURT: All right. Redirect?	
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1	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, I have one question
2	THE COURT: Go right ahead.
3	MR. FITZPATRICK: one question on redirect. Well
4	more than one question. I'm sorry.
5	THE COURT: That's all right. Go ahead.
6	
7	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
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9	BY MR. FITZPATRICK:
10	Q Did Jim did Jim wear sunglasses when he was riding
11	a bicycle at night?
12	A He wore what are known if he felt he needed to
13	protect his eyes, he wore what are known as transitions lenses
14	These lighten in low light conditions so that you can see and
15	darken in bright conditions. I do not they would have been
16	irrelevant in this accident because he was struck from behind.
17	Q Well, did you find any sunglasses when you went to
18	the scene the next day?
19	A No.
20	Q Have you seen any sunglasses since then?
21	A No.
22	Q Has anyone told you Jim was wearing sunglasses?
23	A No.
24	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you, ma'am. That's all the
25	questions I have.

1	THE COURT: Recross?
2	MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: All right. May the witness be excused?
4	MR. EPPS: Be excused but remain in the courtroom,
5	Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Any objection to her being excused?
7	MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: All right. You're free to go or stay,
9	whatever you wish to do.
10	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: All right. You may call your next
12	witness.
13	MR. EPPS: Call Alice Hayes to the stand, Your Honor.
14	She's back in
15	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, before we get started on Ms.
16	Hayes
17	THE COURT: Yes.
18	MR. WILSON: I would state, Your Honor, for the
19	record that I think whatever we've done here complies with
20	the standards of a hearing that is afforded to a crime
21	victim under Marsy's Law. Even assuming arguendo that she
22	is the spouse, she's had her chance to talk to the Court.
23	She's had her chance to state to the Court what her
	$oldsymbol{\mathfrak{m}}$

opinions were, how she was upset with the matter, and that

is what the law affords her the right to do, assuming she

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is a victim. And so that's been done, Your Honor. 1 2 there's really -- I don't -- I don't see any need at all 3 to continue to have this hearing. THE COURT: Well, I mean, are you conceding there was 4 5 a violation of Marsy's Law, Mr. Wilson? MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Because it's the burden of proof of the 8 person that filed the complaint and you can't limit the number of witnesses for them to call if that's what 9 10 they're trying to establish unless you're conceding it. MR. WILSON: Well, we're not conceding it, Your 11 12 Honor. 13 THE COURT: Okay. 14 MR. WILSON: But I just --15 THE COURT: Right. 16 The statute points out what happens MR. WILSON: 17 during the hearing and that's already -- that's already happened. 18 19 THE COURT: Right. Well, but, I mean, the petitioner 20 has filed the petition and they get to call the witnesses 21 they need to call in an attempt to establish a violation 22 is my reading of the law. So I'm not going to limit the 23 number of witnesses as long as they have relevant information to present. So I'll overrule your objection. 24 25 MR. WILSON: Yes sir.

1	THE COURT: Call your next witness.
2	MR. EPPS: Thank you, Your Honor. We call Alice
3	Hayes to the stand.
4	THE COURT: All right. If you'll raise your right
5	hand, please, to take an oath.
6	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
7	THE COURT: Okay. Please have a seat. Are y'all
8	MR. FITZPATRICK: Your Honor, these were two
9	potential witnesses. We're not going to call them.
10	THE COURT: Yeah, so why don't you I don't want
11	them just sitting in the jury box.
12	MR. FITZPATRICK: I'm sorry. I didn't want to
13	interrupt.
14	THE COURT: Just sit out there in the gallery with
15	everybody else, please. Thank you.
16	Could you please spell your name.
17	THE WITNESS: Yes. It's Alice Hayes. A-L-I-C-E, H-
18	A-Y-E-S.
19	THE COURT: All right.
20	
21	ALICE HAYES
22	
23	Called as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
24	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:

1	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
2			
3	BY MR. EF	PPS:	
4	Q	Good morning, Alice.	
5	А	Morning.	
6	Q	Were you previously employed by the District	
7	Attorney's Office of the Western Circuit?		
8	А	Yes, I was.	
9	Q	And what position did you hold there?	
10	А	I was a victim advocate.	
11	Q	And as part of your victim advocate duties, were you	
12	assigned to various cases within the District Attorney's		
13	Office?		
14	А	Yes, I was.	
15	Q	Was one of the cases that you were assigned to handle	
16	was the victim in the Luke Harrison Waldrop case?		
17	А	Yes, it was.	
18	Q	And as part of those duties, did you speak with the	
19	victim throughout the process that you were employed with the		
20	District	Attorney's Office?	
21	А	Yes, I did.	
22	Q	And you were the initial victim advocate on this	
23	case?		
24	А	Yes, that's right.	
25	Q	And when did you stop becoming the victim advocate in	
	I		

this case? 1 July 2023. 2 And did you receive -- did you have specific training 3 as a victim advocate in this case? 4 5 Α I did, yes. 6 Well, I shouldn't say in this case, but as a victim 7 advocate? 8 Α Yes, I did. What was that training you received? 9 All victim advocates received a -- I believe it's a 10 11 40-hour training online offered through the Office of Victim Service Technical Assistance and Training, OVC TTAC. 12 13 addition to that, there would be one-off trainings on additional victim advocacy topics as and when scheduling 14 15 There were also yearly trainings on -- you know, I allowed. 16 think there was a civil rights training that had to be 17 completed every year. A GCIC training, I believe, had to be completed yearly. 18 19 And when you originally start out with a case where 20 there is a victim involved in that case, as part of the 21 procedure of the District Attorney's Office is a letter sent to

the victim explaining their rights and what they could do as a victim in the case?

A Yes. We send out a -- I'm sorry, I'm still kind of

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A Yes. We send out a -- I'm sorry, I'm still kind of in the habit of saying we. They send out a -- what we kind of

1	refer to as an initial contact packet. Contains a cover		
2	letter, along with forms, including victim impact statement,		
3	restitution form.		
4	Q Is it a common practice of the District Attorney's		
5	Office to send these letters to people who are not victims of		
6	crimes?		
7	A I mean, we send them to victims in cases.		
8	Q Let me show you what's been what I've marked as M-		
9	6. Do you recognize that document?		
10	A I do.		
11	Q What is that document?		
12	A This is what I referred to as the cover letter that		
13	goes with the initial contact packet. It's a letter to Susan		
14	Wilson letting her know, you know, that I'm the victim advocate		
15	in the case, letting her know kind of what's enclosed, giving		
16	an overview of her rights as a victim.		
17	Q And was that letter sent on April 15th of 2022?		
18	A Yes, it was.		
19	Q Is it identifying Susan Wilson as the victim in this		
20	case?		
21	A Yes.		
22	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would tender M-6 into		
23	evidence.		
24	THE COURT: Any objection, Mr. Wilson?		
25	MR. WILSON: To the letter that she mailed out, I		

1	assume?	
2	THE COURT: M-6 I believe it's numbered.	
3	MR. WILSON: May I see it just for	
4	MR. EPPS: I gave you a copy of it.	
5	MR. WILSON: It's this one?	
6	MR. EPPS: Yes sir.	
7	MR. WILSON: Okay. No, Your Honor.	
8	THE COURT: All right. It's admitted without	
9	objection. Would you put a sticker on that, please. I	
10	want you to get the court reporter's exhibit stickers on	
11	each of your exhibits, please.	
12	MR. EPPS: Sure, Your Honor.	
13	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]	
14	Q Ms. Hayes, did you have an opportunity to discuss	
15	with Ms. Wilson whether or not she was the spouse of the	
16	ultimate deceased in this case?	
17	A Yes.	
18	Q Did you hold her to be the spouse of the victim, the	
19	deceased, in this case?	
20	A Yes, I did.	
21	Q Did you have any reason ever to doubt that she was	
22	the spouse of the deceased of this case?	
23	A No. I mean, when we spoke she referred to the	
24	deceased as her husband.	
25	Q As part of your duties as part of your duties as	

1	victim advocate do you use a system inside the District		
2	Attorney's Office called Tracker?		
3	A Yes.		
4	Q And as pa	rt of Tracker do you put information in	
5	there so that the ex	ntire office is aware of the case?	
6	A Yes, we do	o.	
7	Q And when	you were the victim advocate in this case,	
8	did you update Trac	ker with any communication that you had with	
9	the deceased's spouse, Ms. Wilson?		
10	A Yes, I die	d.	
11	Q And did y	ou have constant contact with her via text	
12	message, emails, and	d phone calls throughout the process?	
13	A I did. T	here was a period of time where	
14	communication kind	of, I guess, dropped off the radar which I	
15	do I need to elaborate or		
16	Q Let me sh	ow you what's been marked as M-7.	
17	A Thank you	•	
18	Q Give you	an opportunity to look at that.	
19	A Okay.		
20	Q And let m	e just ask you does this appear to be the	
21	Tracker notes for the	he system involving Mr. Waldrop's case?	
22	A Yes, that	's what this is.	
23	MR. EPPS:	Your Honor, we would tender M-7 into	
24	evidence.		
25	THE COURT	: Any objection, sir, Mr. Wilson?	

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1		MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor. No, Your Honor. I'm
2	sorr	у•
3		THE COURT: Admitted.
4	BY MR. EP	PS: [Resuming]
5	Q	If you'll flip with me to page 17 of that exhibit.
6	Let me kn	ow when you're there.
7	А	Okay.
8	Q	And you see there Victim Services note for Susan
9	Wilson?	Bottom of the page.
10	А	I'm so sorry. I'm looking at the wrong page. I'm
11	sorry. Y	es, I do.
12	Q	Were those entered by you on 4/15 of 2022 at 4:57
13	p.m.?	
14	А	Yes, they were.
15	Q	And is that where you returned the victim's call, you
16	introduce	d yourself and confirmed Ms. Wilson's relationship to
17	James Jon	es and they were partners for 37 years?
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	Partners.
20	А	Yes.
21	Q	I notice an accent, Ms. Hayes.
22	А	Yes.
23	Q	Are you English?
24	A	Yes, I am.
25	Q	When you use the term partners in your notes, what

1	are is	that sort of an English thing?	
2	А	It is. We just you know, it's a distinction. It	
3	implies a	more serious relationship than like	
4	boyfriend	/girlfriend. It's a fairly common usage.	
5	Q	Did you did you intend when you put partners in	
6	there to somehow say that Ms. Wilson was not the spouse of the		
7	deceased?		
8	А	No.	
9	Q	Did anyone while you were victim advocate, Ms.	
10	Gonzalez,	Mr. Wilson, anyone, come to you during your tenure as	
11	victim advocate and question the relationship between Ms.		
12	Wilson and	d the deceased?	
13	А	No, they did not.	
14	Q	In your tenure as victim advocate are you familiar	
15	with Mars	y's Law?	
16	А	Yes, I am.	
17	Q	Are you familiar with the requirement that reasonable	
18	notice be	given to any victim?	
19	А	Yes.	
20	Q	And as the spouse of the deceased, does Ms. Wilson	
21	stand in	the position of the victim for Marsy's Law purposes?	
22	А	Yes.	
23	Q	And do you in your opinion, under Marsy's Law and	
24	as a vict	im advocate, if the District Attorney's Office has not	
25	made dire	ct contact with a victim prior to a plea what are you	

supposed to do?

A In those situations before a victim advocate -- so myself or, you know, when it's happened in other cases -- has asked the ADA for a continuance and let the ADA know we have a victim that they might want to be here, they might not, we haven't been able to make direct contact with them to confirm. And I've seen continuances granted for that reason.

- Q When you talked to Susan -- Ms. Wilson -- did she refer to James as her husband?
 - A Yes.
- Q As a victim advocate of the District Attorney's Office, were you known to ask a lot of questions inside the office?
- 14 A Yes, I was.
 - Q Would you at one point go on to your supervisor and confirm whether or not Susan should be contacted as a victim in this case?
 - A If I'd had any doubt, then yes, I would have done --
 - Q Did you ever have any doubt?
- 20 A Not that I can recall.
 - Q Ms. Hayes, as a former victim advocate of the District Attorney's office of the Western Circuit, do you want to tell the Court as it relates to Marsy's Law as to any trouble that you've seen as it relates to victims and the contact and any violations of Marsy's Law?

1	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I object to the question.
2	This is not what this hearing is about.
3	THE COURT: I sustain the objection.
4	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
5	Q Is there any let me ask this question. Let me ask
6	it this way. You handled this case as a victim advocate for
7	how long, Ms. Hayes?
8	A It would have been from I mean, from when the case
9	came to our office.
10	Q Yes.
11	A I could probably tell you exact notes if I can refer
12	
13	Q Sure.
14	A sorry exact dates if I can refer to these
15	notes. So the first note I see here I don't know if this is
16	all of the notes. I no longer have access to Tracker. So I'm
17	just relying on what's in front of me. The first note I see
18	here, I see a date of March 9th, 2022 is when the case was
19	imported from CCH. So I would have been the victim advocate
20	from then up until my last day in the office.
21	Q Does that indicate your last entry in Tracker for the
22	office?
23	A Yes. Let's see. My last entry was November
24	sorry, not November September 30th, 2022.
25	Q When was the next entry for the victim advocate of

1	the case?
2	A September 21, 2023.
3	Q And if a plea is negotiated prior to a plea calendar
4	before Judge Stephens, and the day before or the day of a
5	victim is contacted by the D.A.'s office, is that reasonable
6	notice under Marsy's Law?
7	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I I object.
8	THE COURT: I sustain the objection to the question.
9	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
10	Q Would you have advised a continuance?
11	A Yes, I would have done
12	MR. EPPS: No further questions, Your Honor.
13	THE COURT: Cross-examination, Mr. Wilson.
14	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
15	
16	CROSS-EXAMINATION
17	
18	BY MR. WILSON:
19	Q Ms. Hayes, when you make notes it's I mean, you
20	can agree it's very important to be very accurate about what
21	you put into a record; correct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And you I'm going to draw your attention to, I
24	think it is the same thing as 17 page 17 of 18.
25	A Okay.

1	Q	Thank you. And you said partners. You used partners
2	in referen	ce to your understanding of the relationship between
3	Ms. Wilson	and Mr. Jones. That has a specific meaning;
4	wouldn't y	ou agree?
5	A	I mean, again, to me it's you know, it's a
6	Britishism	. For lack of better word, a Britishism.
7	Q	It's a Britishism?
8	A	Yeah. That's not a word.
9	Q	Which means what?
10	A	Just a term in British English that's used. Maybe
11	not as com	mon over here.
12	Q	What does that mean to you? Is that the same as
13	being marr	ied?
14	А	Not necessarily.
15	Q	Okay.
16	A	But to me it means again, you know, as I said
17	earlier, i	t means you know, it's a it's a serious
18	relationsh	ip; whereas, boyfriend/girlfriend, they could have
19	been datin	g a day or they could have been dating a year, you
20	know.	
21	Q	Sure. Sure. But a serious relationship is not a
22	marriage;	correct?
23	A	Not necessarily.
24	Q	Okay. And it's important you agree that it's
25	important	to be very accurate in those notes; correct?

1	А	Yes.
2	Q	So if she was in fact a if she was in fact
3	married,	you would have put that in the notes; correct? You
4	would not	have referred to her as a partner. You would have
5	referred	to her as his spouse; correct?
6	А	Yes, I would have.
7	Q	Okay. And you put notes down you had you had
8	several o	conversations with Ms. Wilson; correct?
9	А	Yes.
10	Q	And you put notes down about a I'm going to draw
11	your atte	ention to page 8 of 18.
12	А	Okay. Okay.
13	Q	I'm going to and this was a victim's this was
14	actually	an in-person meeting that you had with Ms. Wilson;
15	correct?	
16	А	Can I review the notes real quick just to check?
17	Q	Absolutely.
18	А	Okay. Yes, it was an in-person meeting.
19	Q	And that occurred on the 10th day of August of 2022;
20	correct?	
21	А	Yes.
22	Q	And your notes state that that you mentioned that
23	the siste	er got the insurance settlement.
24		MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'm going to object. And I
25	thir	nk what Mr. Fitzpatrick
	ĺ	

THE COURT: On what grounds?

MR. EPPS: Sure. It's under \$17-17-15. And I'll tell you why, Judge -- as procedurally why this cross-examination is a problem within these proceedings, because what he's going to ask is he's intentionally trying to impeach the victim. Under \$17-17-15(6), if you take a look at this, Judge, it says when the victim's motion alleges potential failure by the prosecuting attorney, the prosecuting attorney may recuse in accordance with O.C.G.A. \$15-8-5 and \$15-8-65 as applicable. When the victim's motion alleges potential failure by the Court, which we're not doing, the judge may recuse himself.

Now, the District Attorney's Office is directly adversarial to the victim. I could understand the Court giving them due process as it relates to whether or not there's a common law marriage. But, Judge, you've got --you've got a situation -- I want to professionally and ethically think about this, and this is why in previous Marsy's Law proceedings they did not cross-examine, they acknowledged that they were not supposed to cross-examine, and that's what the statute and the legislature intended. Now, you've got a situation where ethically Mr. Wilson and Ms. Gonzalez is challenging the very victim they represented.

THE COURT: Well, the document is a document that you

put in evidence.

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MR. EPPS: One hundred and ten percent, Judge.

THE COURT: So it seems like to me that they would have the opportunity to cross-examine the witness on a document that you put in evidence.

MR. EPPS: It's not the nature of -- Judge Stephens, it's not the nature of what the document is. It's the nature of what they're doing. Judge Stephens, if I represented someone, right, if I am the attorney and professionally and ethically I represent someone and I turn around later in that proceeding and I start crossexamining witnesses and the individual as to that client, as to that person, you would look at me and say, Mr. Epps, are you now at this point placing yourself in an adversarial position of the very person you represented? And they're doing that, Judge Stephens. And that's why it said they have the right to be present. It does not say that they have the right to participate. And I come back to this, Judge Stephens. This office in previous Marsy's Law hearings have acknowledged that and now they're standing up and cross-examining these folks.

It's a -- they're placing themselves in a Marsy's Law violation again. Because think about this. If you go back to what -- \$17-7-1 states that the declaration of the policy -- if you state under O.C.G.A. \$17-7-1 that the

1 policy of Marsy's Law states that the victim has a right 2 to be treated fairly and with dignity by all criminal 3 justice agencies involved in the case. Criminal justice agencies is defined their office. Can they stand up with 4 5 a straight face and say by trying to impeach the woman who lost her husband and by cross-examining these folks that 6 7 they are treating her with the integrity and dignity that 8 their office is required to do? And you can't. 9 why they are able to participate but not cross-examine, 10 Judge. 11 THE COURT: Hold on a second. Let me see -- I'm 12 going to look at Title 15. 13 All right. Do you want to be heard, Mr. Wilson? 14 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, this is -- yeah. 15

All right. Do you want to be heard, Mr. Wilson?

MR. WILSON: Your Honor, this is -- yeah. Yes, of

course I do. Thank you, Your Honor. This is not -- to

characterize this as impeaching of a witness, Your Honor

-- I think the main question is -- and maybe we haven't

had those in the past -- is is Ms. Wilson a victim

according to --

THE COURT: All right. So you're asking her a question of -- for that one -- to support your motion to dismiss.

MR. WILSON: Right, that she does --

THE COURT: Yeah.

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MR. WILSON: Yeah. I mean, and that's where it's --

1	that's whore it is Vour Honor
	that's where it is, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: Okay. I'll allow the question for that
3	
4	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
5	THE COURT: for that limited purpose.
6	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
7	BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]
8	Q You put a note in regarding insurance; correct?
9	A On that same page 8. 8 of 18?
10	Q Yes.
11	A Yes, I think I did see that.
12	Q And you put a note in that she did not receive a
13	settlement but that the sister was going to share some money
14	with her; correct?
15	A Yes, I do see that.
16	Q So the sister received insurance money from the death
17	of Mr. Jones?
18	MR. EPPS: Objection. Relevance. It
19	THE COURT: I sustain the objection to that question.
20	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
21	THE COURT: The document speaks for itself. And so
22	anyway, the question is improper. So I'll sustain the
23	objection by Mr. Epps.
24	MR. WILSON: Yes sir. May I just have just one
25	moment, Your Honor? I apologize.

1	THE COURT: Yes sir. Of course.
2	BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]
3	Q Did you always contact the victim on this case?
4	A Sorry. Are you asking like did somebody else contact
5	the victim instead of me or
6	Q Well, when you were there
7	MR. EPPS: Objection. Relevance.
8	THE COURT: What was the question? If you'll let him
9	finish the question. What are what are you asking her,
10	Mr. Wilson?
11	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm asking her
12	if she was always the person that always contacted the
13	victim, Ms. Wilson, in this case.
14	THE COURT: Are you asking her if she was the only
15	MR. WILSON: Yes.
16	THE COURT: victim advocate assigned to Ms.
17	Wilson?
18	MR. WILSON: No. If she was the only one that
19	contacted her.
20	THE COURT: Okay. Do you know the answer to that
21	question?
22	THE WITNESS: As far as I know, I was.
23	MR. WILSON: Okay.
24	THE WITNESS: If I could look over the notes quickly,
25	I can check and see if anyone else is on there, up until I

1	left the office, I mean.
2	BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]
3	Q Could you please do that.
4	A Yeah, sure. So unless I'm overlooking something
5	and, of course, again, I don't have access to Tracker, I don't
6	know if this is all of the notes from Tracker or just a portion
7	of them.
8	Q So I guess the answer would be I don't I'm not
9	really sure.
10	A I apologize. There is I see one incident where
11	another victim advocate contacted Ms. Wilson and that was
12	regarding crime victim's compensation because we had a at
13	the time we had an advocate who was that was their role was
14	crime victim's compensation. But other than that, until I left
15	the office, I was the victim advocate who was in contact.
16	Q Thank you.
17	A You're welcome.
18	MR. WILSON: Nothing further.
19	MR. EPPS: No further questions, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: All right. May the
21	MR. EPPS: We'd ask that the witness be excused.
22	THE COURT: Any objection?
23	MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
24	THE COURT: All right. You're free to go. Thank
25	you.

1	THE WITNESS: Thank you. Do I leave this here?
2	THE COURT: Call your next witness.
3	MR. EPPS: I call Ms. Deborah Gonzalez to the stand.
4	THE COURT: All right. Come on up. Will you help
5	her? Could you give her some assistance, please, Ms.
6	Dillard?
7	BAILIFF: Oh, yes sir.
8	THE COURT: Thank you. All right. If you'll please
9	raise your right hand.
10	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
11	THE COURT: All right. If you'll state your name and
12	spell it for the court reporter.
13	THE WITNESS: Yes. Deborah Gonzalez. D-E-B-O-R-A-H,
14	G-O-N-Z-A-L-E-Z.
15	THE COURT: Thank you.
16	
17	DEBORAH GONZALEZ
18	
19	Called as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
20	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
21	
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION
23	
24	BY MR. EPPS:
25	Q Ms. Gonzalez, as you know, my name is Kevin Epps.

1	And I represent the victim and the spouse of the deceased in	
2	this case. You are the sitting District Attorney of the	
3	Western Circuit?	
4	A Yes.	
5	Q And as part of your duties as District Attorney, you	
6	represent the victims in this case in cases?	
7	A Yes, that's what the office does.	
8	Q You also have victim advocates that serve in that	
9	role to advocate for victims; is that right?	
10	A Yes, we do.	
11	Q And prior to coming to this hearing today have you	
12	reviewed the file of State of Georgia versus Luke Harrison	
13	Waldrop?	
14	A Not the entire file.	
15	Q When you say not the entire file, what have you	
16	reviewed?	
17	A I reviewed the victim contacts on Tracker and the	
18	basic information on Tracker because this was to be a hearing	
19	on Marsy's Law.	
20	Q Well, on 9/21/2023, you have you reviewed the	
21	let me back up. Strike that. Have you reviewed the transcrip	
22	of the plea hearing in front of Judge Stephens?	
23	A Yes.	
24	Q And you were present that day for the plea hearing;	
25	is that correct?	

1	A Yes.
2	Q And in fact, Judge Stephens asked specific questions
3	about victim contact as it relates to this case and you
4	responded to those questions; did you not?
5	A I did.
6	Q What knowledge did you have prior to entering into
7	this plea of victim contact?
8	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I I I do object to the
9	leading nature of these questions. They've all been
10	leading and I think they need to be a little more
11	MR. EPPS: I should've said that I'm calling her for
12	the purposes of cross-examination, Your Honor, but in this
13	Marsy's Law hearing
14	THE COURT: I'll allow the question.
15	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
16	THE COURT: Go ahead.
17	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
18	Q What did you go because I got your response to
19	your subpoena, all right, all emails and contacts and text
20	messages and everything and I've been through it for this
21	hearing. What did you do prior to stepping in front of Judge
22	Stephens to know about victim contact in this case?
23	A I asked my victim advocates if victims had been
24	contacted.
25	Q Who did you ask?

1	А	I asked Simona Arroyo, who is the victim advocate,
2	and also	Lynn Bradberry who is a victim advocate. She's now
3	the inter	rim director.
4	Q	Okay. And what did you ask them?
5	А	I asked were the victims contacted, were they given
6	the infor	rmation about the plea.
7	Q	You said something very important right there. You
8	said vict	tims, plural; right?
9	А	Yes, because some cases have multiple victims. So I
10	say victi	m or victims. They could have multiple ones.
11	Q	Right.
12	А	I just ask in general, have you contacted the
13	victims.	We had multiple cases that day.
14	Q	Now, you have filed a response to the motion for
15	Marsy's I	aw personally, haven't you?
16	А	Yes. In response to the motion for the violation
17	that you	made.
18	Q	Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as M-
19	8.	
20	А	Thank you.
21	Q	Is that your response?
22	А	Yes, it is.
23		MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would tender M-8 into
24	evio	dence.
25		THE COURT: Any objection?

1	MR. WILSON: I think it's already been filed, Your
2	Honor, so no objection.
3	THE COURT: Is that the what's filed with the
4	clerk?
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Okay. I'll admit it.
7	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
8	Q So as part of your response, you are challenging that
9	Ms. Wilson was the spouse of Jim; is that right?
10	A I'm challenging that Ms. Wilson has status for the
11	Marsy's Law under whether she is a spouse or not.
12	Q What evidence do you have that she was not the
13	spouse?
14	A Everything that we saw in Tracker and our
15	conversations have been that she was a partner, that she did
16	not hold herself out as a spouse. When I received this, I also
17	went in to see if Georgia was how they viewed these kinds,
18	and it said that Georgia was not a common law marriage state.
19	And then I asked, you know, what were the factors. It did say
20	something about grandfathering them in, but one of the factors
21	was that they had to hold themselves out as husband and wife.
22	And when I looked at the Tracker notes, what was there was
23	and you had it in the other exhibit that Alice had put in
24	that they were partners is the way that they did that.

Did you ever contact Alice Hayes to say what she

25

1	meant by	partners?
2	A	No, I did not. She was not working at the office
3	anymore.	
4	Q	Did anyone in your office contact Alice Hayes to see
5	what she	meant by partners?
6	А	No. Again, she was no longer working at the office.
7	Q	But you had the ability to contact her, Ms. Gonzalez?
8	А	I don't have her information.
9	Q	Show you what's been marked as M-9 as a part of your
10	subpoena	production. Do you recognize this document?
11	А	Yes.
12	Q	Is this an email between you and Lynn Bradberry?
13	А	Yes, it is.
14		MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would tender M-9 into
15	evid	dence.
16		THE COURT: Any objection?
17		MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
18		THE COURT: Admitted.
19	BY MR. EF	PPS: [Resuming]
20	Q	And Lynn Bradberry is your interim director of victim
21	advocacy?	
22	А	Yes, she is.
23	Q	And in this on October 30th, after the Marsy's Law
24	violation	was filed, you wrote good morning, Lynn. Can you
25	please se	end me the statute where a victim is defined that

you're relying on that Susan Wilson is not a victim? 1 She is listed as a spouse in the Marsy's Law violation. And she gave 2 3 you that statute? 4 Α Yes, she did. 5 So it was Lynn Bradberry who first brought to your attention the issue of whether or not she was a spouse? 6 7 I don't remember if it was Lynn or if we had further 8 conversations prior to this. But I know that this was part of when I was looking at how is a victim defined. I had also 10 asked her, since she is the interim director, what was the code or how she was defining it. So I was asking for information. 11 12 And you looked at the statute? 13 Α I did. Show you what's been marked as M-10. 14 All right. 15 this is again an email exchange that you gave me pursuant to 16 the -- to your subpoena. Do you recognize this email exchange 17 between you and Ms. Arroyo? 18 Α Yes. 19 Robert Wilson. Lynn Bradberry. Do you recognize 20 this exchange? 21 Α Yes. 22 And this is regarding the Marsy's Law? 23 Α Yes. MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would tender M-10 into 24 25 evidence.

1	THE COURT: Any objection?
2	MR. WILSON: No, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: Admitted.
4	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
5	Q So as you already know, Ms. Wilson wrote nine
6	questions to the victim advocate regarding this case; you know
7	about that?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And you ultimately responded to those nine questions
10	via email; right?
11	A Yes, I did.
12	Q But based on this email exchange, Lynn Bradberry
13	wrote the responses to all of those questions; not you?
14	A She gave me the first draft of the questions as we
15	and then I sent them.
16	Q You did you change them at all?
17	A You know, I can't remember right now, you know, if I
18	changed any particular thing. I probably made sure things
19	maybe were were best. But she is the interim director of
20	victim services and so I thought she would have answers that I
21	didn't have.
22	Q Okay. Can you flip back with me to the second to
23	last page of that exhibit for Simona Arroyo, the email to you?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Do you see question nine that was written by Susan

1	Wilson, is there anything that victim survivors can do to
2	reject or protest the judgment?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Do you see that question?
5	A Yes.
6	Q All right. So just so that we're clear about your
7	response, is that your response to her is on if you'll flip
8	with me, one, two, three, four pages into that exhibit,
9	question nine.
10	A Yes.
11	Q You wrote victims have the right to be heard which
12	did happen because we informed the Court on the record of the
13	victim's wishes for jail time. However, the ultimate
14	prosecutorial decision on what happened with the criminal case
15	is in the discretion of the District Attorney. Did I read that
16	correctly?
17	A Yes.
18	Q So when you wrote that response, you did not question
19	Ms. Wilson as being a victim in this case, did you, Ms.
20	Gonzalez?
21	A I don't think it it states anything here whether I
22	was making an assumption of whether she was a victim or not.
23	Q Okay. Let me just do
24	A It was a general question that she asked about
25	whether victims is there anything that the victim survivors

can do to reject or protest the judgment. She didn't say is
there anything that I can do as a victim. She just said in
general. And so I wrote that answer in general. That's how I
was answering it.
Q Did you at anytime let me ask this question, Ms.
Gonzalez. Do you make it a habit to contact non-victims of
cases that reach out to you?
A I make it a habit to respond to people who reach out
whether they're victims or not. Lots of people reach out to me
and I do try to be responsive and answer them.
Q All right. You've been in here because Judge
Stephens excluded you from the sequestration. You've been in
here to hear the evidence?
A Yes.
Q Okay. You've heard Ms. Wilson testify during the
entire proceeding; correct?
A I did.
Q You've heard her say that she was they were
husband and wife; you heard that?
A I also heard her say up here that they preferred the
term partner.
Q Listen to my question and respond to it, please. You
heard her say that they were husband and wife? You heard that?

heard her say that they preferred the term partners.

I heard her answer that question to you. But I also

24

1	Q You were in here for Ms. Hayes' testimony?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And you know what imputed knowledge on a district
4	attorney's office is? Do you know what that is?
5	A Yes.
6	Q What is it?
7	A It means that the D.A. as head of that office is
8	imputed to have knowledge that other people who work for her or
9	him would have.
10	Q And you heard Ms. Hayes say that she never doubted
11	that they were husband and wife, and that Ms. Wilson told her
12	that they were husband and wife; you heard that testimony?
13	A I did hear that, yes.
14	Q So I'm going to ask you a very simple question. Now
15	that you have heard the victim speak, the wife of the deceased
16	stated with 100 percent certainty, and your former victim
17	advocate who was the only one that had contact with this victim
18	except for one time, are you withdrawing the contention that
19	Ms. Wilson was the spouse was not the spouse of the
20	deceased?
21	A I am not withdrawing the contention in terms of
22	whether she has standing as a victim under the law as defined
23	in the definition of victim, that she was not a spouse and,
24	therefore, not a victim.
25	O Okav. Do vou know when common law marriage was

1	was abolished?
2	A I believe based on the research there was something
3	about 1997.
4	Q Okay. If they have held themselves out as husband
5	and wife for 37 years, would that be prior to 1997?
6	A If they held themselves out, but we have no
7	indication whether they did or not prior to 1997. It had never
8	been asked to them.
9	Q You you didn't hear her testimony, Ms. Gonzalez?
10	A Yes, I did hear her testimony. And again she did not
11	say that they were husband and wife. She kept referring back
12	to the term of partner.
13	Q Let me ask you this question. Outside of the one
14	note of partner that you allege as evidence that they were not
15	common law married, what other evidence do you have?
16	A The fact that she did not receive the insurance
17	directly to her, that it was paid out to his sister. And my
18	understanding was that when that happened, it was because she
19	was not listed as his spouse.
20	MR. EPPS: Objection. Objection, Your Honor. This
21	calls for hearsay. She's going clear she's talking
22	about forms and beneficiary forms.
23	THE COURT: You asked her the question. So I'll
24	allow the answer.
25	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]

1	Q	Have you seen the beneficiary form?
2	А	No, I have not.
3	Q	Do you know that as part of life insurance policies
4	that you o	can leave beneficiaries that are not your spouse?
5	А	Yes, you can.
6	Q	Okay. So you don't know what that form said, do you?
7	А	I know what we were told, just like we're relying on
8	what she t	cold us.
9	Q	And you don't know whether or not any previous forms
10	indicated	whether or not Ms. Wilson was the spouse, do you?
11	А	There was nothing that was brought to us listing her
12	as a spous	se.
13	Q	All right. Would you agree with me based on the
14	Tracker no	otes that no one contacted Ms. Wilson for a year prior
15	to the pla	ea hearing?
16	А	Yes, I would agree with you in that.
17	Q	Would you agree with me let's see if we can agree
18	on this	that on the morning of the plea hearing, based on
19	your own m	response, that you left that your office left a
20	voicemail	with Ms. Wilson's phone?
21	А	That was my understanding.
22	Q	Okay. Who did that?
23	А	I believe it was the victim advocate.
24	Q	And who was the victim advocate?
25	А	Simona Arroyo.
	1	

1	Q So she did not have direct contact with the victim
2	that morning?
3	A From what I understand, no.
4	Q Okay. And then Ms. Wilson called back and spoke to
5	your victim advocate after the plea was entered?
6	A Yes.
7	Q And it was then and only then that she was told about
8	the plea deal?
9	A So I don't know exactly what was told in that
10	conversation. I wasn't part of it. But I would think that
11	that was when she was told.
12	Q Well, you reviewed everything as it relates to the
13	victim in Marsy's Law prior to entering in here, didn't you?
14	A I reviewed what I had, yes.
15	Q Okay. Did you review the Tracker notes?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Okay. I'll let Judge Stephens take a look at the
18	Tracker notes and speak for themselves. So when you told
19	when Judge Stephens asked in the transcript whether or not the
20	victims had been contacted in this case, who were you saying
21	that had been contacted?
22	A The victim.
23	Q Who?
24	A The victims of the case.
25	Q Who are the victims of the case?

1	А	The sister
2	Q	What the sister's
3	А	of the deceased, Melody.
4	Q	Who?
5	А	Melody.
6	Q	Where does she live?
7	А	I do not know where she lives.
8	Q	You don't know that she lives in Virginia based on
9	the Track	er notes?
10	А	I don't have the notes all in front of me.
11	Q	They're right in front of you.
12	А	Oh, I'm sorry. I did not realize that.
13	Q	Let me just help you, see if we can move it along.
14	Based on	the Tracker notes it was my client that gave the
15	contact i	nformation for the sister, didn't she? Are you aware
16	of that?	
17	А	I'm trying to find it in the notes.
18	Q	Go to page 17 for me. And just so we're clear,
19	throughou	t these Tracker notes, Ms. Wilson is referred as to
20	the victi	m throughout these Tracker notes, isn't she?
21	А	There is a V.
22	Q	Right. And right above that V, it says victim
23	services	notes for Susan Wilson; do you see that?
24	А	I do.
25	Q	And then it says victim services notes for Susan

1	Wilson and then victim service notes for Melody Ann Jones; do
2	you see that?
3	A Yes.
4	Q So throughout your Tracker system, you identified as
5	victim services for Susan Wilson; do you see that?
6	A Yes, I do.
7	Q And if you see at the bottom of those Tracker notes,
8	V stated that James Long has a living relative, his sister
9	Melody Jones. Ms. Wilson did not have contact info for her
LO	when we spoke but said if I email her, she will respond with
L1	contact info and she's able to look it up; do you see that?
L2	A I do.
L3	Q And then on 4/20/22 under victim services notes for
L 4	Susan Wilson, Alice asked me to reach out to the family member
L5	about CVC. What's CVC?
L 6	A Crime Victims Compensation.
L7	Q And I called Ms. Wilson and she told me that V's
L8	sister paid for the funeral bills. She will send me the
L 9	contact information for an application.
20	A Yes.
21	Q And that application was filed in your office?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Okay. So you did receive the sister's information
24	from the victim, Ms. Wilson?
25	A That's what it says here.

1	Q And as part of your procedures as it relates to
2	contacting victims, we went through this with Ms. Hayes with M-
3	6, that you send out letters cover letters to victims; is
4	that correct?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And that was sent to Susan Wilson; is that correct?
7	A So I didn't send it myself. I I would say
8	Q Imputed knowledge; right?
9	A Okay.
10	Q Imputed knowledge. So whatever your office does, you
11	do; right?
12	A Yes.
13	Q So you, Ms. Gonzalez, sent a letter to Ms. Wilson
14	stating her victim's rights?
15	A I did not personally send a letter to Ms. Wilson. I
16	have victim advocates who do this. This is part of their
17	responsibility and roles. They have the procedure. They send
18	it out. I do not personally watch every single victim advocate
19	to every single letter that they send to every single victim.
20	Q Imputed knowledge. You know that; right?
21	A I know that's imputed knowledge. But I also think
22	that you need to be less disingenuous about how much effect I
23	have of sending one particular letter out.
24	THE COURT: Any further questions?
25	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.

1	BY MR. EP	PS: [Resuming]
2	Q	Have you reviewed Marsy's Law, Ms. Gonzalez?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	Have you reviewed O.C.G.A. §17-17-1?
5	А	Yes.
6	Q	Are you aware under \$17-17-1 that victims have the
7	right to	reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of any
8	scheduled	court proceeding or any changes in such proceeding?
9	А	Yes.
10	Q	And are you familiar under §17-17-1, subsection 9,
11	the right	to be treated fairly and with dignity by all criminal
12	justice a	gencies involved in the case?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	And criminal justice agencies involve you?
15	А	Yes.
16	Q	Show you what's been marked as M-11. In response to
17	the Marsy	's Law filing, did you write a letter to the editor to
18	the Ocone	e County Enterprise?
19		MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I'm going to object at this
20	poin	t. I can't see any possible relevance that this has
21	to a	ny witness testimony
22		THE COURT: May I see the document?
23		MR. WILSON: that Ms. Gonzalez
24		THE COURT: All right. I'll let you respond to the
25	obje	ction, Mr. Epps.

1	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. In response to the	
2	Marsy's Law violation, Ms. Gonzalez went to the press and	
3	commented on this case directly. She made certain	
4	assertions and she made certain admissions. And that	
5	within itself is a Marsy's Law violation under §17-17-1	
6	that you must find.	
7	THE COURT: I'll allow it.	
8	MR. EPPS: We'll tender M-11, Your Honor.	
9	THE COURT: Admitted over objection.	
10	MR. WILSON: Over objection. Thank you, Your Honor.	
11	THE COURT: Yes.	
12	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]	
13	Q Ms. Gonzalez	
14	A Yes.	
15	Q you made the personal decision to go to the press	
16	and comment about the victims in this case, didn't you?	
17	A I made a decision to respond to questions that were	
18	made to us by the press.	
19	Q No ma'am. Let me ask that question one more time.	
20	When you say Gonzalez' response, you voluntarily sent a letter	
21	to the editor, didn't you?	
22	A We sent a response to the editor based on questions	
23	that they asked us about the Marsy's Law violation.	
24	Q Okay. And in that you commented in the press about	
25	the victims in this case?	

1	A Not about the victims but about the contact that we
2	had with the victim.
3	Q Right. And I'll let Judge Stephens read that for
4	himself. But you specifically well, let me just read it so
5	I can ask you the question.
6	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I do object to him reading
7	this as far as
8	MR. EPPS: I've got to narrow down what I'm asking,
9	Judge, and
LO	THE COURT: Is there a specific part of the letter
L1	that you want to ask her about?
L2	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
L3	THE COURT: All right. I'll allow it.
L 4	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
L 5	Q So in the case that we had last week in Marsy's Law
L 6	you did not comment on it because it was still an active case;
L7	right?
L 8	A Yes.
L 9	Q But so when you say in the case of one victim,
20	you're talking about this case, aren't you? That's in the
21	third paragraph of the letter to the editor.
22	A Yes.
23	Q And then you go on to write, I once did I once did
24	
25	A And that once is a typo on their part.

1	Q	Okay.
2	А	It should be office.
3	Q	Our office did its due diligence in contacting the
4	victim's	family multiple times and keeping them informed as the
5	case deta	ils were available; is that right?
6	A	Yes.
7	Q	You didn't contact anybody in this case for a year,
8	is that right	
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	based on the Tracker notes?
11	А	Based on the Tracker notes.
12	Q	When was the plea deal officially decided in this
13	case?	
14		MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I I I do I object
15	to t	hat. I mean, the
16		THE COURT: On what grounds?
17		MR. WILSON: Well, Your Honor, on the grounds that
18	it's	speculative, Your Honor, and it would go into things
19	that	aren't relevant to I mean, the present the
20	pres	entment of a plea deal happened in front of the Court.
21	When	it occurred I don't think is really relevant to this
22	disc	ussion as far as as far as victim notification,
23	Your	Honor.
24		THE COURT: Okay. All right. How is it relevant,
25	Mr.	Epps?

MR. EPPS: Well, there's a couple of things, Your 1 2 I have another exhibit which I'm about to introduce from Ms. Gonzalez and her office that said that 3 trying to contact a victim about a proceeding a day before 4 5 violates Marsy's Law. In this case they contacted the victim via voicemail the day of. They -- to a defense in 6 7 their response and they -- they raised this as a specific 8 defense, Ms. Gonzalez did in their response. They stated 9 the State attempted to make contact with both the sister 10 of the deceased and the movant regarding the plea 11 negotiation prior to the plea being finalized in court. 12 THE COURT: All right. I'll allow the question. 13 MR. EPPS: Thank you. BY MR. EPPS: 14 [Resuming] 15 Now --16 Please repeat it. I'm sorry. 17 Sorry? 0 Please repeat the question. I'm sorry. 18 19 So, Ms. Gonzalez, as part of that email Sure. Sure. 20 packet that I introduced to you, with the exchanges of that, 21 you actually reached out to Robert Wilson to determine if the 22 plea was a fair plea after it had been entered, didn't you? 23 If it's in the email, then I did it. 24 Sure.

I can't see it.

25

1	Q Okay. So here's my question. When was the plea deal
2	finalized by your office?
3	A The plea deal was finalized when we presented it to
4	the judge.
5	Q So you did not have negotiations with the defense
6	attorney prior to the plea hearing?
7	A Unfortunately, I don't know because that was done by
8	the ADA who was here previously and I was just filling in on
9	that day. So I don't know about the plea negotiations that had
10	happened.
11	Q So you stood up in front of Judge Stephens and was
12	the supervising attorney that day of the plea deal; is that
13	right?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And the question I have, and it was raised with this,
16	is did your office offer the plea or did the defense offer the
17	plea?
18	A And I think in my answer I said I don't know who
19	offered the plea first.
20	Q Okay.
21	Q Okay. A Sometimes it's the State, sometimes it's defense. I
22	did not know who had offered that particular plea to begin
23	with.
24	Q Okay. So who do you have as you sit here today
25	and now that you've reviewed the file, do you have any idea who

offered the plea? 1 2 I still don't know because it wasn't put into 3 notes whether it came from the defense first or whether it came from the State. 4 All right. So here's my next question to you. 5 you agree with me that contacting the victims, and even if as 6 7 you define it, the sister is the only victim and Ms. Wilson is 8 not, do you agree with me that contacting the victims the day of the plea is a Marsy's Law violation? 10 No, I do not. What I believe is that we should 11 notify the victims as soon as we can. 12 So when you say as soon as you can, that would be 13 when a plea agreement has been entered -- or has been agreed upon; right? 14 15 Sometimes. I mean, sometimes what we try to do now 16 is before a plea agreement is even finalized with the 17 defendant, we reach out to the victims first. We've made sure that we've put that in because of this Marsy's Law violation so 18 19 that it would not happened again.

Q Okay. So let me ask you this question. Do you believe that it's a Marsy's Law violation to write a letter to the editor where you discuss your office's due diligence to victims of a family's case? Do you believe that that's a Marsy's Law violation?

20

21

22

2.3

24

25

A I do not. The case was closed and we were just

1	responding to what the newspaper had asked us.
2	Q Okay.
3	A They wanted a statement.
4	MR. EPPS: One moment, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: Would you like some water?
6	THE WITNESS: No, thank you.
7	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
8	Q I'm going to show you what's been marked as M-12.
9	This is one of the responses to your open records request to
10	our open records request that we sent you as it relates to
11	Marsy's Law. Give you an opportunity to review this. Do you
12	recognize this document, Ms. Gonzalez?
13	A It's been a while.
14	Q You reviewed it?
15	A Yes, I reviewed it.
16	Q And this is you responding to one of your ADAs in
17	your office about notice and what is required of Marsy's Law;
18	is that right?
19	A Yes.
20	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I'm going to I'm going to
21	object to the to the the email or I'm I'm
22	going to strictly or absolutely object to anybody
23	reading the email itself. I I think I would object
24	to relevant on relevancy basis as far as this Marsy's

Law hearing, why that is relevant to this hearing.

However, I -- I would strongly object to reading that 1 2 email. I don't think that's appropriate -- the way to 3 cross-examine. THE COURT: I'll hear from you, Mr. Epps. 4 5 MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. This email is from Mikaela Silkey Henderson and this is an email discussing a 6 7 movement of hearings that happened in Judge Haggard's 8 courtroom, and it was brought to her attention by Mr. John Batchelor that there were 21 victims on the calendar that 9 10 next day. And he states my position is that kind of short 11 notice does not comply with Marsy's Law that guarantees 12 every victim the right to reasonable and timely notice of 13 court proceedings. THE COURT: I sustain the objection. 14 15 Thank you, Your Honor. MR. WILSON: BY MR. EPPS: 16 [Resuming] 17 Ms. Gonzalez -- Ms. Gonzalez, this defendant was charged with two counts of homicide by vehicle in the first 18 19 offense in its original indictment, one count of DUI and one 20 count of reckless driving; is that right? 21 I believe it was one vehicular homicide. 22 have the indictment in front of me. 23 Q Okay. 24 And I don't want to misstate anything. 25 Ultimately, an amended accusation was filed in this

1	case where it was the defendant was charged with a
2	amended I'm sorry was charged with second degree homicide
3	by vehicle. Are you aware of this?
4	A Yes.
5	Q And do you know who prepared that accusation?
6	A No, I don't. Right off the bat, I do not.
7	Q Okay. All right. And you understand under Marsy's
8	Law that when you stood in front of Judge Stephens as it
9	relates to the plea that happened on September 21st, 2023, that
LO	Marsy's Law specifically states that the victim has had the
L1	right to talk about the disposition of the case to Judge
L2	Stephens; you're familiar with that?
L3	A Yes.
L 4	Q You would agree with me that no victims in this case,
L 5	either the sister or Ms. Wilson, on that day did not have the
L 6	opportunity to speak to Judge Stephens? Just yes or no. Do
L 7	you agree with me on that?
L 8	A Do I agree that they didn't have the opportunity?
L 9	Q Correct.
20	A I agree that neither one of them was there. I agree
21	that the sister was contacted to see if she wanted to come in.
22	Q I I understand that it is your position that you
23	contacted the the sister. Did you ask her if she could come
24	and be if she wanted to come and be present?
25	A Yes, she was asked based on what I was told on

that conversation, she was asked if she wanted to be present, 1 if she wanted to give a victim impact statement, or if she 2 3 wanted the victim advocate to even read an impact statement if she wanted to send it. 4 Who asked that? 5 I believe Simona asked that. 6 7 You believe that Simona Arroyo asked that question? 8 Α Arroyo, yes. Okay. And you would agree with me that Ms. Wilson 9 10 never was given that opportunity or was asked that question? 11 Now when I look at the stuff that we have, yes, I 12 agree that she wasn't asked that question. At the time when I 13 asked Simona were victims contacted, I was given a yes. 14 So you understood at that point that victims included 15 Ms. Wilson? 16 I included victims in general. I was asking 17 about the calendar. All of the victims -- we have multiple cases, right, and so I was asking were all the victims notified 18 19 for all of those cases. The response I got back was yes. 20 All right. Let me ask -- see if I can get to this 21 very, very simply here. Prior to the plea being -- are you 22 with me, Ms. Gonzalez? 23 Α Yes. Prior to the plea being entered, did your office 24

25

review the accident report?

1	А	On that day, no.
2	Q	Okay. Prior to the plea being entered, had your
3	office ob	tained any hospital records regarding the defendant?
4	А	That I do not know to respond to you.
5	Q	Well, you do know that because in the email exchange
6	that you	had with Mr. Wilson he said that the hospital denied
7	your subp	oena request. Are you familiar with that?
8	А	That's right. They denied it so they would not take
9	the blood	that was requested. Yes.
10	Q	But you asked for you asked further. You asked
11	for addit	ional medical records from the hospital; is that
12	right?	
13	А	If there were any, yes.
14	Q	And your office never filed any motion with Judge
15	Stephens	as it relates to those records?
16	А	We never received any is my understanding.
17	Q	Because they refused.
18	А	Yes.
19	Q	Okay. So let me see if
20	А	They they refused to do the blood. Right?
21	Q	Well, they refused to respond to your subpoena,
22	didn't they?	
23	А	Yes.
24	Q	Okay. So let me ask a very simple question and then
25	maybe we	can wrap this up. The things we agree on is that a

victim has a right to speak when the disposition of a case of a 1 2 defendant is before the Court. We agree on that; right? 3 Yes. You agree with me that the victim has a right under 4 the statute to have reasonable notice and accurate notice and 5 timely notice under Marsy's Law. You agree with me on that; 6 7 right? 8 Α Yes. You agree with me that Ms. Wilson never received the 9 10 notice because she only got a voicemail. No one from your 11 office contacted her and said there's going to be a plea this afternoon and asked her if she wanted to be present. 12 13 didn't happen. You agree with me? 14 I was told that it did happen. 15 Okay. 16 So that's why I went forward with the plea. 17 Let's see if I can do it this way. Do you agree with me that no one with your office, live, spoke with Ms. Wilson on 18 19 the phone other than leaving her a voicemail? You would agree 20 with me? 21 Α Yes. 22 Okay. And you would agree with me that you never 23 told Judge Stephens that you had only left a voicemail and that Ms. Wilson was not contacted or spoke to live? You would agree 24 25 with me that -- in the transcript?

1	A I did not speak those words, no.
2	Q Okay. And you would agree with me would you agree
3	with me that if Judge Stephens finds that Ms. Wilson was the
4	spouse of the defendant, the failure to allow her to speak in
5	front of Judge Stephens is a Marsy's Law violation?
6	A I can't say what the judge is going to decide here.
7	Q I'm not asking you that. Listen to my question.
8	What I'm asking you is if Judge Stephens because you filed a
9	motion to dismiss asking this Court to find her not the spouse
10	of the defendant. You're aware of that; right?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And if you and that's the and that's the only
13	grounds that you say that Ms. Wilson here does not have
14	standing to be here; right?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. If Judge Stephens finds that there's standing
17	and denies your motion to dismiss and Ms. Wilson was never
18	given the opportunity to step before him and give this very
19	powerful statement she just gave to you and your office, that
20	that is a Marsy's Law violation. Would you agree with me?
21	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I do object I object to
22	the hypothetical.
23	THE COURT: I sustain the objection.
24	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
25	Q All right. As you sit here today, Ms. Gonzalez, do

1	you believe that you are serving as a victim advocate in this
2	case as the D.A.; do you agree with that?
3	A I don't understand the question
4	Q Sure.
5	A because I am not a victim advocate.
6	Q You don't advocate for victims as the District
7	Attorney?
8	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I I object to now
9	we're getting argumentative, Your Honor.
10	THE COURT: I sustain the objection to the specific
11	form of that last question. Did you have any other
12	questions you wanted to ask?
13	MR. EPPS: I do, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: Go right ahead, please.
15	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
16	Q Ms. Gonzalez, your office was the throughout this
17	whole process for a year and right up to the plea treated Ms.
18	Wilson as a victim in this case; is that fair? Do you agree
19	with me on that?
20	A I think they treated her as someone who needed help.
21	There are times that we have individuals that we help who are
22	not technically defined as victims, but we still help them.
23	And I know that Alice did a lot with Ms. Wilson, including
24	helping her when she needed housing and lodging.
25	Q So I'm going to ask this one last question and I'm

done. As you sit here today, do you believe challenging Ms. 1 2 Wilson as a spouse in this case, after she's testified that she 3 is, is the proper thing to do as the District Attorney and a victim advocate? 4 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I object. 5 THE COURT: I sustain the objection. 6 7 MR. WILSON: Thank you. 8 BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming] 9 I'm going to try this one last time with a question 10 and see if I can get through this. You have not recused 11 yourself in this case; you agree with me on that? 12 The case is closed. 13 0 Listen -- listen to my question. As part of the 14 Marsy's -- I just need a yes or no so I can move past this 15 portion. You agree with me, because we've done this before, 16 the statute allows for your office to recuse or the judge to 17 decide if you should recuse yourself; you agree with me on that? 18 19 But the case is closed, so there's nothing to Yes. 20 recuse ourselves from. 21 And based on your answer, you were just -- you were 22 not representing Ms. Wilson as a victim in this case prior to 23 this Marsy's Law violation. Is that your answer? Was your 24 office not representing Ms. Wilson as a victim in this case; is

25

that your answer?

1	A I'm not sure I understand the question because
2	Q Well, you filed a response where you defined what a
3	victim is in a case; correct?
4	A Yes. We were looking at when we filed our
5	response to the violation, we looked at that she did not have
6	standing to bring in the Marsy's Law violation because she
7	doesn't fall within the legal definition of victim as specified
8	by the code.
9	Q I understand that. So I'm going to ask this very
10	simple question. Prior to this Marsy's Law hearing, did are
11	you saying you did not represent Ms. Wilson as a victim in this
12	case your office?
13	MR. WILSON: Your Honor Your Honor, I'm going to
14	object again. I think I've already objected to that
15	question. It's changed a little bit, but the form of the
16	question is the objectionable part of the question.
17	THE COURT: I'll allow it. I'll allow that one
18	question.
19	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
20	Q Okay. Do you understand my question?
21	A Please repeat it.
22	Q Prior to this Marsy's Law hearing are you stating to
23	this Court that your office did not hold and represent Ms.
24	Wilson as the victim in this case based on everything in
25	Tracker and everything that's in front of you? Is that your

1	position?	
2	А	She's listed as for services.
3	Q	Yes or no, please, and then explain your answer. Yes
4	or no. Y	es or no and then explain your answer.
5	А	No and yes.
6	Q	It's what?
7	А	No and yes.
8	Q	What do you mean by no and yes?
9	А	No, because it's not she's not listed as a victim
10	as define	ed by the law; right? Yes, should should that law
11	be changed to include people who are not listed as spouse who	
12	do not fall within the definition as it is in the law right	
13	now; right? That can be changed by legislation. But right now	
14	the law a	as it is, as it defines the victim, does not include
15	her.	
16		MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'm going to object as non-
17	resp	oonsive to this question. It's very simple. I I
18	know	that it
19		THE COURT: I'll allow I mean, you're asking her
20	for	a legal conclusion. So she stated it.
21		MR. EPPS: All right. So
22		THE COURT: I think she's answered I think she's
23	resp	oonded to the question.
24		MR. EPPS: All right. Your Honor, that's all the
25	ques	stions I have.

1	THE COURT: All right. Do you have any other
2	evidence you're going to present?
3	MR. EPPS: Just a moment, Judge Stephens.
4	THE COURT: All right.
5	MR. EPPS: Yes. I would like to call the current
6	victim advocate, Simona Arroyo.
7	THE COURT: Who's your next witness?
8	MR. EPPS: That's who I'm calling, Your Honor, the
9	current victim advocate, Simona Arroyo.
10	THE COURT: All right. Come on up. If you'll come
11	on up to the witness stand, please. If you'll please
12	raise your right hand to take an oath.
13	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
14	THE COURT: All right. If you'll please state your
15	name and spell your first name and your last name for the
16	court reporter.
17	THE WITNESS: My name is Simona Arroyo, S-I-M-O-N-A,
18	A-R-R-O-Y-O.
19	
20	SIMONA ARROYO
21	
22	Called as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
23	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
24	
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION

1			
2			
3	BY MR. EPPS:		
4	Q	Good afternoon, Ms. Arroyo. Were you the are you	
5	a victim	advocate in the District Attorney's Office for the	
6	Western Circuit?		
7	А	Yes, I am.	
8	Q	How long have you been a victim advocate here?	
9	А	About a month about a month or so.	
10	Q	So a month from today?	
11	А	I apologize. I don't recall the exact date.	
12	Q	Let me see if I can get to it this way. Did you have	
13	a previou	s position in the District Attorney's Office?	
14	А	Yes, I did. I was a legal assistant.	
15	Q	For who?	
16	А	For the Western Judicial Circuit.	
17	Q	Okay. And then you transitioned into a victim	
18	advocate?		
19	А	Yes. Sometime in September.	
20	Q	So when were you assigned to the Luke Harrison	
21	Waldrop case?		
22	А	To be honest with you, I don't recall the exact date.	
23	Q	Okay. Would it be helpful for you to review the	
24	Tracker n	otes in this case to refresh your memory as to that?	
25	Would Tra	cker help you identify when you came onto this case as	

1	a victim	advocate?
2	А	It would not. It wouldn't, no.
3	Q	Would it be safe to say that your first entry as a
4	victim ad	vocate would indicate when you were the victim
5	advocate	in this case?
6	A	Not necessarily, no.
7	Q	Okay. So as the victim advocate of this case, were
8	you invol	ved in the plea hearing before Judge Stephens?
9	A	No, I was not.
10	Q	Did you make any contact with the victims of this
11	case prio	r to the plea hearing before Judge Stephens?
12	A	I did make contact, yes.
13	Q	Who did you make contact with?
14	A	I made contact with several victims.
15	Q	Okay. Tell me the names.
16	A	For this particular case?
17	Q	Just for just for Luke Harrison Waldrop's case,
18	who were	the victims you contacted?
19	A	I contacted his sister and I contacted Susan.
20	Q	Susan Wilson?
21	A	Yes, I did.
22	Q	And you contacted them as the victims of this case?
23	A	I contacted the sister as the victim of the case.
24	Q	Okay. And then you contacted Ms. Wilson as what?
25	A	As a courtesy.

1	Q	As a courtesy?	
2	А	Yes.	
3	Q	Okay. And when did you contact them?	
4	А	I contacted them the morning of the plea hearing	
5	date.		
6	Q	What time?	
7	А	I don't specifically recall. Between 8:30 and 9:00.	
8	Q	Okay. And the plea hearing in front of Judge	
9	Stephens v	was at what time?	
10	А	I believe it was I believe it was at 9:30.	
11	Q	Okay. Are you familiar with Marsy's Law as a victim	
12	advocate?		
13	А	I am familiar with the basics of who gets contacted	
14	and their	rights to be heard.	
15	Q	Okay.	
16	А	I do know the minimum basics, the minimal basics.	
17	Q	All right. And so as a minimum basics you are aware	
18	under Marsy's Law that victims are entitled to reasonable,		
19	accurate,	and timely notice of any hearings concerning their	
20	case?		
21	А	I do. I am aware of that.	
22	Q	As you sit here today do you believe that contacting	
23	a victim a	an hour before the plea hearing before Judge Stephens	
24	is reasona	able, timely, and accurate notice?	
25	А	Considering that I didn't get the information to	

1	provide any information to provide the victims until
2	midnight after midnight that night, I mean, I contacted them
3	as soon as I got into the office.
4	Q Who provided you that contact information? Who
5	provided you that information after midnight?
6	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I don't see the relevance of
7	that, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: I'll allow it.
9	THE WITNESS: The previous ADA for this courtroom, he
LO	sent all of his information in and sent all the
L1	information to me. It was it was after midnight when I
L2	received when I received it.
L3	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
L 4	Q And that was Tab?
L 5	A That was.
L 6	Q Had he been had he been terminated from the
L7	District Attorney's Office by that time?
L 8	A He did not. He was not terminated, no.
L 9	Q Had he resigned?
20	A He had.
21	Q So let me see if I understand this correctly. A
22	former ADA that had resigned sent information to you after
23	midnight stating the plea for cases that morning before Judge
24	Stephens; that's what happened?
25	A To my understanding, yes.

1	Q So how did you receive that information?
2	A Via email.
3	Q Okay. So I asked for a subpoena in my subpoena I
4	asked for emails concerning that. And I looked at your entire
5	packet and I do not have that email. Where is that email?
6	A It was not specifically for this case. It was for
7	all cases. All cases. And I am no longer working open records
8	requests. So I don't know what happened with that request.
9	Q No ma'am. I'm not doing it during open records
10	requests. This was a subpoena issued under this case. And you
11	you did respond to that subpoena; did you not?
12	A I did.
13	Q And as part of that I asked for any information,
14	emails, text messages, or correspondence regarding this case;
15	did I not?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And you have supplied Tracker and some emails as it
18	relates to that; is that right?
19	A I believe that it was Tracker. And I'm not for sure
20	about the emails. I did not I didn't pull my own emails.
21	That was done for me.
22	Q Who did that?
23	A To my understanding it was IT.
24	Q Who in IT?
25	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I do object. We're getting

1	very far afield.
2	THE WITNESS: I don't know.
3	MR. EPPS: I do not think we're getting very far
4	afield.
5	THE COURT: I'll allow it.
6	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
7	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
8	Q Do you have that email with this plea agreement and
9	when you got it and who you got it from and who was CC'd on it?
10	Do you have that?
11	A I believe I do in my emails, yes.
12	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'd take a short break and ask
13	that I know that we're it's 1:10, but I I would
14	like that email in response to my subpoena, Your Honor. I
15	think it's very telling as it relates to this case.
16	THE COURT: Do you want to be heard on that, Mr.
17	Wilson?
18	MR. WILSON: I don't I don't know what was
19	that's I'll attempt to get it.
20	THE COURT: All right. We'll take a 10-minute
21	recess.
22	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
23	THE COURT: Thank you.
24	[Brief recess is taken.]
25	THE COURT: All right. So we're waiting for Mr.

1 Wilson? 2 MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. 3 THE COURT: Okay. So is Ms. Arroyo still -- is she back there? 4 5 MR. WILSON: They were -- they were on their way down on the elevator, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Oh, all right. That's fine. All right. 8 If you'll come on back up to the witness stand, please, 9 Ms. Arroyo. All right. You may resume your questions, 10 Mr. Epps. 11 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, before we get any further 12 into it, I did -- I did have -- the email that was -- that 13 was referred to was pulled. Your Honor, this is an email with attachments. I'll let the Court look at it, 14 15 obviously. THE COURT: Okay. 16 17 MR. WILSON: But I think the attachments are all work product, Your Honor, attorney work product for -- and 18 19 they're all for different cases, Your Honor. 20 certainly don't think that should be entered in as an 21 exhibit. 22 THE COURT: Okay. 23 May I approach? MR. WILSON: 24 THE COURT: Sure. 25 MR. WILSON: Thank you.

1	THE COURT: Why don't y'all let him take a look at it
2	and then see what
3	MR. WILSON: Sure.
4	THE COURT: So do you want to mark it as what?
5	MR. EPPS: M-13, Your Honor?
6	THE COURT: All right. I'll take a look at it.
7	Would you like some water?
8	THE WITNESS: Please.
9	THE COURT: All right. Could you Ms. Dillard,
10	would you please get Ms. Arroyo some water.
11	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
12	THE COURT: So, Mr. Epps, you've had a chance to
13	review it. Do you want to respond to the objection?
14	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. A couple of points. So
15	they're taking an exception to this as attorney work
16	product. I note that that email is from Tab Roberts who
17	I've already established
18	THE COURT: From who?
19	MR. EPPS: I'm sorry. Tab What's his last name,
20	Judge?
21	THE COURT: Tab Hunter.
22	MR. EPPS: Hunter? Mr. Hunter. Sorry, I didn't I
23	confused the names there. But I've already established
24	Mr. Hunter had already resigned as a member of the
	Ⅱ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~

District Attorney's Office at that point. Also, I would

1	note that it's sort of incomplete, Judge. Take a look at
2	the second page. It has a message as to it says Tab
3	THE COURT: Okay.
4	MR. EPPS: I need I need the pleas for
5	tomorrow. We don't know who that's from.
6	THE COURT: All right. Well, you can ask her about
7	that but I don't
8	MR. EPPS: Sure.
9	THE COURT: I don't know that it's going to be
10	admissible for the entirety of the entire document. The
11	first case on the document is probably the only one that's
12	really relevant.
13	MR. EPPS: I don't need any and, Your Honor
14	THE COURT: So I'm going to let you show this to her
15	and then question her about it but I'm not going to let
16	the entire document go in for the record.
17	MR. EPPS: So redact it except as to the
18	THE COURT: Well, we'll see.
19	MR. EPPS: All right.
20	THE COURT: Just go ahead and ask her.
21	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
22	Q Ms. Arroyo, so let me ask you this question. As you
23	stood up on the stand here today, you were very aware of this
24	email; is that correct?
25	A Yes.

1	Q	So you did receive my subpoena.
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	And it was your testimony that you had IT search for
4	this.	
5	А	I did not have IT search for that. It was my
6	understand	ding that IT searched for the emails that were in
7	question.	
8	Q	All right. On break did you speak to anyone?
9	А	I did not.
10	Q	Okay. Did you go and retrieve this email yourself?
11	А	I did.
12	Q	Okay. So Tab Hunter sent you an email on Thursday,
13	September	21st, 2023 at 12:25 a.m.?
14	А	Yes.
15	Q	Is that in response to your email that says Tab, I
16	need a lis	st of each case with any plea offer made and the
17	defense?	
18	А	That is not my that is not that's not me.
19	Q	Who is that?
20	А	I don't know.
21	Q	Where did you get this attachment?
22	А	That attachment was with that email.
23	Q	All right. I'm confused. So help me. This is from
24	Tab Hunte:	r
25	А	Yes.
	ii .	

1	Q	to Deborah Gonzalez
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	and Jennie De La Vega, Felicia Fortson, Lynn
4	Bradberry	, you, Martha Perkins, and the subject is Judge Lawton
5	E. Stephe	ns plea calendar, Tab Hunter, status, trial calendar.
6	Okay. Di	d I read that correctly?
7	А	Yes.
8	Q	So you're saying at this point that this attachment
9	is from T	ab Hunter?
10	А	Yes.
11	Q	And so you became aware of the plea agreement as it
12	relates t	o Luke Harrison Waldrop from Tab Hunter?
13	A	Yes.
14	Q	And Tab Hunter had resigned and was no longer an
15	attorney	of the District Attorney of the Western Circuit at
16	that poin	t?
17	A	I don't know when it was official.
18	Q	But it was prior to this Thursday, September 21st,
19	2023 date	?
20	A	As far as far as I know.
21	Q	Okay. And so you understand and I'm just and
22	we're goi	ng to have to recall Ms. Gonzalez, but I wanted to see
23	what your	knowledge is is that Tab Hunter had no authority
24	as an ass	istant D.A. for any member of the District Attorney to
25	enter int	o plea deals or to offer up plea deals for the

1	District Attorney's Office?
2	A I'm not an attorney. So I'm not familiar with that
3	at all.
4	Q Did you find it unusual that you received an email
5	from Tab Hunter that was no longer with the District Attorney's
6	Office making a plea agreement offer in a case involving these
7	victims?
8	A I did not because, again, I'm not an attorney.
9	Q All right. The plea was entered in front of Judge
LO	Stephens based on Tab Hunter's recommendation, wasn't it?
L1	A I was not in here for that. So I don't know.
L2	Q So wait a minute, and I've read this transcript, so I
L3	need to understand this. On the morning of the plea deal, an
L 4	hour before the plea was done, you were the only person to have
L 5	had contact with the victims in this case; is that correct?
L 6	A That is correct. I was in an office contacting them
L7	while the rest of the team came into court.
L8	Q Okay. So at this point, proceedings had begun in
L 9	Judge Stephens' office and you were just then making contact
20	with the victims in the case; is that fair?
21	A That is fair.
22	Q So when they told Judge Stephens that they had been
23	in contact with the victim on the transcript, that's not true,
24	is it?
25	A That is true because I had spoken to the sister

1	MD MITTCON. Yours Honors
1	MR. WILSON: Your Honor
2	A prior to them coming into the court.
3	MR. WILSON: I would object to that as lack of
4	personal knowledge. I don't know how she
5	THE COURT: I'll allow it.
6	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
7	Q So let's go to this question. When did you make
8	contact with the sister in Virginia; what time?
9	A Between 8:30 and 9:00.
10	Q When did you leave a voicemail for Ms. Wilson?
11	A After I completed the phone call with the sister.
12	Q Which would have been what time?
13	A Prior to right right prior prior to court.
14	It was prior to them coming into court.
15	Q What did the sister tell you in Virginia?
16	A She said I am not happy with that. And I said I
17	understand you I understand, I will relay that to the ADA.
18	And then she asked if I had spoken with Susan. I said I have
19	not had time to contact her. She said Susan will not be happy
20	with that, either. I'm going to tell you that now. Do you
21	want me to call her? Have you called her? I said I have not
22	called her. She said do you want me to call her? I said
23	that's fine, I'm going to call her after we hang up. And at

that point in time prior to the team walking out, I said I've

already spoken to Waldrop's [sic] sister. She has stated that

1	she is not happy with this offer. And she has also stated that
2	Susan that Susan will not be happy, either. And then they
3	proceeded to come in.
4	Q Is that the entirety of your conversation with the
5	victim in Virginia?
6	A That is not. That was more than 30 minutes on the
7	phone with her.
8	Q Did you offer her the opportunity to be present in
9	front of Judge Stephens the sister in Virginia to be present
10	in Judge Stephens to speak her opinion about the disposition?
11	A I did not because I was aware at that point in time
12	that she's in Virginia. So I did not.
13	Q Okay. And the only thing that you did as it relates
14	to Ms. Wilson is that you left her a voicemail the morning of
15	the plea?
16	A That is correct.
17	Q And you did not speak with her again until after the
18	plea had been entered.
19	A That is correct.
20	Q And when the phone call was done with the sister and
21	you left the voicemail, did you come into Judge Stephens'
22	courtroom?
23	A I did not.
24	Q So how did you relay this who let me back up.
25	Strike that. Who exactly did you relay to in the office the

1	sister's disappointment with this case?
2	A The team. The entire team that was in there.
3	Q Well, who do you who is team?
4	A It was Deborah, Josh, and Lynn Bradberry.
5	Q Okay. You understand under Marsy's Law that a victim
6	has a right to be present in the courtroom to state their
7	opinion as to the disposition of the case?
8	A I understand that now.
9	Q Now you do?
10	A Yes.
11	Q And you understand that that victim was not awarded
12	that right under Marsy's Law?
13	A The sister?
14	Q Yes.
15	A I do.
16	Q Okay. And you understand so you're familiar with
17	what Ms. Gonzalez has stated in her motion to dismiss, that Ms.
18	Wilson was not the wife of the deceased; you understand that?
19	A I do understand that, yes.
20	Q Did you ever, as victim advocate, ask Ms. Wilson if
21	she was the wife of the deceased?
22	A I did not ask her if she was the wife of the
23	deceased. I had not been in I didn't get a chance to speak
24	with her prior to that date.
25	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would Your Honor, we

would tender M-13 into evidence with the specific 1 2 understanding that it only relates to the plea offer that 3 was made in this case regarding Mr. Waldrop. The rest of it is not relevant to this case, Your Honor. 4 5 May -- may -- may I add to that? THE WITNESS: THE COURT: Absolutely. Go ahead. 6 7 When I was at a time crunch and I did THE WITNESS: 8 make the determination of which person to contact first, I did see that it was noted that Ms. Wilson was the partner 9 10 of 37 years. So at that time I did decide that the sister 11 had priority because she did -- she was the relative and 12 so I did contact the sister first. And that's the order 13 that I went in because at that time I did have knowledge that she had stated that she wasn't the wife. 14 15 Judge, may I on that -- I don't know what MR. EPPS: 16 that was in response to my tendering, but may I question 17 that for a second? THE COURT: Go ahead. 18 19 BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming] 20 That note that you've seen was in Tracker in the very 21 beginning of the case by Ms. Hayes; correct? 22 That is correct. Α 23 You've been in contact with Ms. Hayes since she's left this office? 24 25 Α I have not.

1	Q You knew that she went and worked for the University
2	of Georgia and you had her
3	A I do not.
4	Q Ms. Hayes provided her information to you.
5	A I do not.
6	Q And so you never reached out to Ms. Hayes to ask her
7	what she meant by partner, did you?
8	A I did not.
9	Q And you never reached out to Ms. Wilson and asked he
10	if she was the common law wife or the wife of the defendant
11	I mean, of the deceased?
12	A I did not. I made that determination also by other
13	notes that were in Tracker.
14	Q All right.
15	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, back to the matter at hand, I
16	tender M-13 into evidence.
17	THE COURT: Redacting the balance of it
18	MR. EPPS: Yes.
19	THE COURT: besides number 1. Any objection?
20	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I think I think the
21	entire attachment should be redacted along with the
22	with the any plea offer in this case because I do thin
23	it's it just is work product. I mean, it's full of the
24	mental impressions

THE COURT: Well, I guess the only -- the relevance

of the document would be would be the timing, I
suppose. So for that matter, that's in the record. So
I'll sustain the objection. I don't think we need the
document to go in. It's already been the relevant
portions of it have already been positively testified to.
So I agree with you.
MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
MR. EPPS: That's all the questions I have for her a
this time.
THE COURT: All right. Do you have questions you
want to ask Ms. Arroyo, Mr. Wilson?
CROSS-EXAMINATION
BY MR. WILSON:
Q Do you have do you have personal knowledge of Mr.
Hunter's status at the time of the plea hearing? Did you know
what his status was as an employee?
A I did not.
Q Okay. Then you wouldn't be privilege to those
communications?
A I would not be privileged to those communications.
Q But he was he was an ADA the day before; correct?
A That is correct.
Q Did you see him in the you saw him in the office

1	as an ADA; correct?
2	A That is correct.
3	Q Okay.
4	MR. WILSON: Nothing further, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: All right. May the witness be excused?
6	MR. EPPS: I would not excuse her. I'd ask her to
7	remain outside, Judge, in case
8	THE COURT: All right. So you're excused subject to
9	being recalled.
10	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: All right. We're going to take our lunch
12	recess. So we'll be in recess until 2:45. All right?
13	MR. EPPS: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	[Recess is taken.]
16	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Epps
17	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: any further evidence?
19	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. We recall Deborah
20	Gonzalez to the stand.
21	THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.
22	MR. EPPS: All right. Thank you, Judge.
23	
24	CONTINUED CROSS-EXAMINATION
25	

1	BY MR. EP	PS:
2	Q	Ms. Gonzalez, I want to show you what's been marked
3	as M-13.	This is the email that I just went over with Ms.
4	Arroyo.	
5	A	Yes.
6	Q	You're familiar with this email?
7	А	Yes.
8	Q	Let me ask you a very particular question. You got
9	the subpo	ena related to what you should've brought to this
10	hearing;	is that correct?
11	А	Yes.
12	Q	Yet I didn't get this email in the packet that was
13	distribut	ed to me originally from your office, did I?
14	А	I don't believe so, no.
15	Q	And Ms. Arroyo said that you had IT search?
16	A	Yeah. And I think it's because it doesn't have
17	Waldrop i	n the heading; right? It just says trial calendar.
18	It didn't	say Waldrop or any of the other individuals here. I
19	think tha	t's why it didn't show up on the search.
20	Q	Okay. So the attachment that was to M-13
21	А	Uh-huh [affirmative].
22	Q	at the top says Tab, I need a list of each of the
23	cases wit	h any plea offer made and the defense attorney. Who
24	sent that	?
25	А	I believe I did because he was not he had stated

he was not going to be in court on that Thursday. 1 2 Right. Because he had resigned the day before? He had stated that and we were still talking about 3 4 not him leaving. 5 You had been talking to him about not leaving? 6 About not accepting his resignation and talking 7 about what had happened, why he wanted to resign, and, you 8 know, what we could do. And he said he definitely would not be in on Thursday. And so I said, well, if I'm going to cover your plea, I need to know where you have been with all the 10 11 defense attorneys. And what I mean by been, I mean, you know, 12 the negotiations that they had. 13 0 Let me show you what's been marked as M-14. So it's your position that when he sent that email that he had not 14 15 resigned from your office? Is that your official position? 16 He had put in a resignation and then I was trying to 17 convince him not to resign yet. 18 That's not what you told Judge Stephens on September 19 21st, 2023, is it? 20 Α No. 21 You see that M-14 is the colloquy between Judge 22 Stephens and Deborah Gonzalez at the conclusion of the court 23 proceedings on September 21st, 2023? 24 Yes. Α 25 Do you see that?

1	A Yes, I do.	
2	Q And that was the same day that you ente	red into the
3	plea involving the victim Ms. Wilson, isn't it?	
4	A Yes, it is.	
5	Q And you made that plea based on the rec	ommendation of
6	Tab Hunter, didn't you?	
7	A Yes. Based on what he told me was the	status of his
8	conversations with the defense attorneys that he	had had up to
9	that point.	
10	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, we would tender	M-14 into this
11	into evidence.	
12	THE COURT: Any objection?	
13	MR. WILSON: It it is record, Your H	onor.
14	THE COURT: All right. Admitted.	
15	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]	
16	Q All right. If you'll flip with me to p	age one
17	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, although I	I do I do
18	object to reading reading the transcript	on an
19	unrelated I mean, this is not I don't	know how this
20	is going to be related to this. And I do ob	ject to the
21	reading of the transcript	
22	THE COURT: All right.	
23	MR. WILSON: before a question is as	ked.
24	THE COURT: Well, I wasn't sure what th	e question was
25	going to be. Let me hear the question first	. Then I can

1	rule on your objection.
2	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
3	MR. EPPS: Sure. So, Judge, I was going to clarify
4	with her that that what had happened at that point
5	is she'd asked specifically to to speak with you. And
6	you asked for the court reporter to take it on the record.
7	She specifically said to you, Your Honor, Mr. Hunter left
8	your courtroom yesterday, which would've been September
9	20th, and resigned, which is the reason I had to even come
10	in even with you.
11	THE COURT: Okay.
12	MR. EPPS: So I am pointing out to the fact
13	THE COURT: I'll allow it.
14	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
15	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
16	Q So let me do this. You see page two?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Ms. Gonzalez, it states which is well, let hold
19	on, let me back up. You at that point had decided on your own
20	that you wanted to make an announcement to Judge Stephens,
21	didn't you?
22	A I wanted to talk to him. Yes.
23	Q And you said so, Your Honor, I would just like to
24	make one announcement. I see that we have done that we
25	don't have any cases left for trial. And Judge Stephens says

1	that's right. And you said at this point. And the Court said
2	yeah. And then you state yeah, which is and you state which
3	is good because, Your Honor, Mr. Hunter left your courtroom
4	yesterday and resigned, which is the reason I had to come even
5	with you. Did I read that correctly?
6	A Yes, he did resign.
7	Q So
8	A But I was still talking with him to see if he would
9	not leave.
10	Q So which one is it now, Ms. Gonzalez? Did he resign
11	or did he not resign?
12	A He resigned but we were still in conversation. There
13	was a chance that he was not going to leave the office.
14	Q All right. So we're in agreement that he resigned on
15	the day before; correct?
16	A We're in agreement that he handed it in and said he
17	wanted to resign. Yes.
18	Q Ms. Gonzalez, you stated affirmatively to Judge
19	Stephens that Mr. Hunter had resigned the day before? Yes or
20	no, please.
21	A I did tell him that because at that point Mr. Hunter
22	still had not done a final decision whether to stay or not.
23	Q You didn't say that to Judge Stephens, did you?
24	A No, I did not because I had no idea whether Mr.
25	Hunter was going to stay or not.

1	Q Well, you didn't hold back there. You went on your
2	official Facebook account at for Deborah Gonzalez and you
3	stated to the public that he resigned because of how Judge
4	Stephens treated him, didn't you?
5	A I went on my personal
6	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I'm I'm objecting at this
7	point.
8	THE COURT: What's the relevance of this, Mr. Epps?
9	MR. EPPS: Absolutely. Well, I guess is that his
10	objection; relevance, Judge?
11	MR. WILSON: That would be.
12	THE COURT: I assume so. What is the relevance of
13	this?
14	MR. EPPS: Absolutely. Judge, she stood before you
15	and made a recommendation on a plea to an ADA that was no
16	longer with her office. Marsy's Law specifically allows
17	for victims of cases to speak with the prosecuting
18	attorneys of their case. This guy made an oath which he
19	had to swear before a judge I shouldn't say this guy.
20	That's inappropriate. Mr. Hunter made an oath
21	THE COURT: What about what's relevant to what
22	what Ms. Gonzalez posted?
23	MR. EPPS: So so she says on Wednesday Tab Hunter
24	walked out of Judge Stephens' courtroom and resigned.
25	THE COURT: Okay.

1	MR. EPPS: I'm just proving her credibility and she
2	just
3	THE COURT: All right. I'll allow that question.
4	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
5	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
6	Q So you decided to go on Facebook and announce what
7	happened in court, didn't you?
8	A Yes, on my personal Facebook account, I did.
9	Q Oh, okay. Well, let me ask you a question. This was
10	official work of the District Attorney that you put on your
11	personal Facebook page, didn't you?
12	A I often
13	Q Yes or no?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Okay. You
16	A But it is also if you finish reading what I
17	actually put in there, I was talking about how I was feeling
18	about it.
19	Q Right. I understand that. I'll get that you
20	block people from your personal Facebook page, don't you?
21	A No. My personal Facebook page is based on who
22	friends me. That's very
23	Q Right. And you've never rejected anyone?
24	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I
25	THE WITNESS: There are people that I don't know, but

1	
2	MR. WILSON: Is this relevant?
3	MR. EPPS: Sure it is.
4	MR. WILSON: I mean, whether or not whether or not
5	she's
6	THE COURT: How is this relevant, Mr. Epps?
7	MR. EPPS: If she Judge, she is putting out direct
8	information as to the D.A. in this about her office and
9	she's rejecting people I will tell you multiple
10	that's a constitutional violation and a Marsy's Law
11	violation.
12	THE WITNESS: It's a personal Facebook account.
13	THE COURT: Hold on. Wait a minute. Let me rule on
14	the objection first.
15	MR. EPPS: So it goes exactly to being treated with
16	integrity, and the victims have a right of the prosecuting
17	agency
18	THE COURT: All right. I sustain the objection.
19	MR. EPPS: All right.
20	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
21	Q Let me just do this. M-15; show it to you. You
22	wrote on Wednesday Tab Hunter walked out of Judge Stephens'
23	courtroom and resigned, didn't you? That's what you told the
24	public on your personal web page, didn't you?
~ -	

25

Yes.

MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'd tender M-15.
THE COURT: Any objection?
MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I do object for object as
to relevance, whether it can be tendered in. I I guess
he can tender it in, but I do object to the exhibit as
THE COURT: I'll admit it.
BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
Q All right. Now let's go to M-2. So you wrote back
to Ms. Wilson to her nine questions, didn't you?
A Yes.
Q I've got it. I have it right here. You wrote back;
right?
A Yes.
Q This is already into evidence. One of the questions
that was asked by Ms. Wilson, who put the plea on the table,
our office or the defense office; right?
A Yes.
Q And your response to question two: our system does
note our system does not note who initiated the plea.
A Yes.
Q By the time that you wrote that information to Ms.
Wilson, as we have already established, you reached out to Tab
Hunter and asked him what plea offers had been made to the
defense counsel and the defense; isn't that correct?
A I reached out to Tab Hunter because I had to cover

1 his courtroom the next day and I needed to know where he was on all of these cases. 2 3 As a Marsy's Law --And this asked -- the question that she asked is who 4 Α Again, I don't know if the defense came to Tab 5 initiated it. or if Tab came to the defense first. All I know is that these 6 7 were the pleas that he said were -- that had been communicated 8 with the defense. Read what you wrote at the top of M-12. 9 Tab, I need 10 a list of each case with any plea offer made. Did I read that 11 correctly? 12 Α Yes. 13 0 And at that point he responds with the plea offer that had been made in Mr. Hunter's [sic] case, doesn't he? 14

A Yes. But I --

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Q So your office made the plea offer in this case?

A No. When she says who initiates it, I don't know who initiated the conversation to begin a plea. Sometimes it's my office, sometimes it's a defense attorney. This is when a plea is made; right? When I asked what are the pleas that you have in place, what have you spoken to with the defense attorneys, this is what he gave me. But it doesn't tell me if he was the one who started the conversation or if they did. And that's how I interpreted that question. Who initiated the plea, to me that's saying who started the conversations. Did defense come

to you with something or did you go to the defense with 1 2 something. I don't know that answer. 3 Oh, yes, you do because of the next sentence. haven't read all of it in your answer. Our judges do request 4 that a plea offer is made in each case. So you just told her 5 that Judge Stephens requires that a plea offer be made in every 6 7 case, didn't you? 8 Yes, but it still doesn't answer the question of who initiated the conversation. 9 10 Ms. Gonzalez --11 It just says that we need to have a plea offer. 12 So if you have to have a plea offer, Ms. Gonzalez, 13 who makes the plea offer? Your office; right? The final one makes it -- yes, my office. 14 But before 15 that many times defense attorneys will come to us, they will come to an ADA, they will say I want to talk to you about this 16 17 case. These are how I see it. This is what we want to talk to you about. These are thoughts that we have. There is a 18 19 conversation that happens between the State and the defense 20 before a plea is ever put together. 21 And you've never -- all those great words you just 22 told everyone, including the judge, was not written in this 23 email about that, was it? You didn't say that, did you? 24 No, because the way I understood her question when

she asked who initiated the plea, to me, it was very simple,

25

1	was it the defense who started with the plea or was it the
2	State. And I did not have that answer.
3	Q Ms. Gonzalez, you didn't even write this. Lynn in
4	your office wrote this, didn't she?
5	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I I I object at this
6	point. It's argumentative.
7	THE COURT: Sustained.
8	MR. EPPS: All right. Let me just get to this point.
9	THE COURT: And I want you to back up a little bit
10	from the witness.
11	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
12	Q Read the last sentence of question of answer
13	number two to question number two.
14	A We do have a note that our victim advocate attempted
15	to notify you and the victim's sister the day of the plea based
16	on notes that we received the night before. Meaning, the plea
17	that we received on this day that you see here that was at
18	12:25 a.m.
19	Q Right.
20	A That that to me I said the night before. It
21	could've been early morning because it's 12:25 a.m. But I was
22	telling her we attempted based on what we got.
23	Q Right. So let me circle the wagon to what I'm trying
24	to do here. That note that you were referring to when you

answered Ms. Wilson was from Mr. Hunter after midnight;

25

correct? 1 2 Yes. The list of where he was in his conversations 3 with the defense attorneys. Yes. Every ADA that works in your office must take an oath 4 before serving underneath you; correct? 5 Yes. 6 Α 7 You proceeded ahead on a plea agreement with an ADA 8 who had resigned from your office and was no longer subject to that oath; isn't that correct, Ms. Gonzalez? 10 Not necessarily because we were still in 11 conversations for him to stay. Many times people will say I 12 quit a job and then they talk with their boss and they don't 13 actually leave. And you never said those words to Judge Stephens or 14 15 in your Facebook post to the community that you were still in 16 negotiations with him to not resign; right, Ms. Gonzalez? 17 MR. WILSON: Your Honor, asked -- asked and answered. MR. EPPS: It's not. 18 19 THE COURT: I'll allow it. 20 BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming] 21 So I'm going to do this again. The only reason that 22 we know the truth -- and I'm getting to this transcript -- is 23 that you told Judge Stephens on the record that he had resigned

the day before. And you told the public that he had resigned

on Wednesday, the day before, because of actions that took

24

25

1	place in this court, didn't you?
2	A I did.
3	Q And that is either not true; right? Or it is true;
4	right?
5	A Again, somebody can say to their boss I resign or I
6	quit and they can keep talking to their boss about not leaving.
7	It's not always just clear-cut. And because he was a good ADA
8	for me, I didn't want him just to leave. And I was trying to
9	bring him back.
10	Q Right. You were trying to bring him back and you
11	allowed him to have access to a victim's file. Did he send
12	that from the ACCGOV email? Because I don't see it at the top.
13	Where did that come from?
14	A I I don't know because it doesn't say here his
15	email.
16	Q So if did you cut him off?
17	A But I
18	Q Did you listen to my question. Did you cut him
19	off from email and cut him off from the ability to access files
20	in this court?
21	A No, because his resignation wasn't effective until
22	eight o'clock on that Thursday. And this was sent before eight
23	o'clock on that Thursday because I still needed to get from him
24	where he had stood with the defense attorneys. I needed to
25	come into court with Judge Stephens and I needed to know where

1	these cases were. And so I asked him to make sure he got me
2	that information so that I could have it for court the next
3	day. And that's all he did.
4	MR. EPPS: Yeah. No further questions, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: All right. Any further evidence you want
6	to present? Are you resting?
7	MR. EPPS: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Do you have other evidence?
9	MR. EPPS: Yes.
10	THE COURT: All right. You can step down. We'll let
11	you
12	MR. WILSON: Well, may I may I ask a question just
13	briefly?
14	THE COURT: We'll let you do that when he's finished.
15	MR. WILSON: I'm sorry. Oh, okay.
16	THE COURT: He called her for cross. So you can ask
17	her questions after he finishes.
18	MR. WILSON: Sure. Thank you.
19	THE COURT: I'll give you full opportunity for that.
20	So you may step down for now.
21	THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you.
22	THE COURT: All right. Call your next witness,
23	please.
24	MR. EPPS: I call Michael Prochaska to the stand,
25	Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: All right. Has he been subject to the
2	Rule?
3	MR. EPPS: No, Your Honor. They waived they
4	they did not invoke the Rule, Your Honor.
5	THE COURT: They didn't?
6	MR. EPPS: No, they did not.
7	MS. GONZALEZ: We didn't have a list of his
8	witnesses, Your Honor, to invoke the Rule.
9	THE COURT: Well, all right. Okay. Come on up.
10	I'll ask you to raise your right hand to take an oath.
11	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
12	THE COURT: State your name, please, and spell your
13	first name and last name for the court reporter.
14	THE WITNESS: My name is Michael Prochaska.
15	MR. EPPS: You can put your hand down, Michael.
16	There you go.
17	THE WITNESS: Thank you. M-I-C-H-A-E-L, Prochaska,
18	P-R-O-C-H-A-S-K-A.
19	
20	MICHAEL PROCHASKA
21	
22	Called as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
23	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
24	
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION

1 BY MR. EPPS: 2 Michael, prior to me just calling you as a witness, 3 had I -- had I told you I would be calling you as a witness 4 here today? 5 No, you did not. 6 Michael, have you heard the testimony of Ms. Gonzalez 7 when she said that her letter to the editor was in response to 8 a request from the Oconee Enterprise? 9 Yes, I did. Α 10 Is that a true statement? 11 So to give some context, we were given a statement 12 from Gonzalez's office, and I could give you the exact date 13 when we received that if you want. 14 Q When was that? 15 Can I check my phone? It's on my phone. 16 Yes sir. 17 Okay. It's in my email. So it will take a minute. 18 That's okay. Q 19 Okay. We received the statement from the District 20 Attorney's Office on Friday, October 27th at 3:36 p.m. 21 And are you the editor in chief of the Oconee 22 Enterprise? 23 Α Yes sir. 24 Do you oversee all of your reporters and any requests 25 to Ms. Gonzalez's office?

1	A Yes.
2	Q And did your office did the Oconee Enterprise make
3	an official request to Ms. Gonzalez or her office to provide
4	that letter to your newspaper?
5	A No, we did not.
6	MR. EPPS: Thank you, Your Honor. No further
7	questions.
8	THE COURT: Cross-examination?
9	MR. WILSON: May I just have a moment, Your Honor?
10	THE COURT: Sure.
11	
12	CROSS-EXAMINATION
13	
14	BY MR. WILSON:
15	Q Do you recall in what form that that was sent?
16	Was that was that and I maybe I can clarify. Was that
17	a letter to the editor or was that an official statement?
18	A Can I look at it again?
19	THE COURT: Sure.
20	THE WITNESS: Okay. Thank you very much.
21	MR. WILSON: Sure.
22	THE WITNESS: So it was an official statement after
23	our newspaper had written a story. And I made the
24	decision to run it as a letter to the editor as opposed to
25	say a followup story that includes her response.

1	MR. WILSON: Nothing further.
2	MR. EPPS: Nothing further from us, Your Honor.
3	THE COURT: All right. You may step down.
4	MR. EPPS: We call Joshua Neal to the stand.
5	THE COURT: Joshua Neal. If you'll raise you right
6	hand please to take an oath.
7	[Witness is sworn by the Court.]
8	THE COURT: All right. Please state your name and
9	spell it for the court reporter.
10	THE WITNESS: Josh Neal. J-O-S-H, N-E-A-L.
11	THE COURT: Thank you.
12	
13	JOSH NEAL
14	
15	Called as a witness by the Movant, having first been duly
16	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
17	
18	DIRECT EXAMINATION
19	
20	BY MR. EPPS:
21	Q Mr. Neal, I know we've had the pleasure of meeting
22	last week in court and so I'm just going to move this along.
23	Right now you serve as an apprentice of the District Attorney's
24	Office?
25	A Yes.

1	Q	And you're waiting to take the Bar and then get your
2	Bar resul	lts?
3	А	Yes.
4	Q	On that day in this case that we are here on of State
5	of Georgi	ia versus Luke Harrison Waldrop, you handled the plea
6	colloquy	to Judge Stephens that day?
7	А	I did.
8	Q	And at that time you were practicing under the you
9	were prac	cticing under the ability of the Bar to be able to do
10	so	
11	А	Yes.
12	Q	with a supervising attorney?
13	А	Yes.
14	Q	Okay. And the I have very limited questions for
15	you and	it's this: Did you prepare the amended accusation in
16	the case?	?
17	А	I did not.
18	Q	Was that prepared by Mr. Hunter?
19	А	I am unsure.
20	Q	Okay. I'm going to show you what's been marked as M-
21	12 M-1	13, I'm sorry. This is an email from Tab Hunter to Ms.
22	Gonzalez	•
23	А	Okay.
24	Q	And I see on this email that you are not CC'd on it.
25	Have you	seen this email regarding the plea recommendation in
	1	

1	the Hunter in the <i>Waldrop</i> case?
2	A I have not.
3	Q How were you relayed the information as to the plea
4	that was supposed to be before Judge Stephens that day?
5	A It was delivered to me by Ms. Gonzalez at the podium.
6	Q Okay. And did you ultimately file the amended
7	accusation in the case?
8	A I did not.
9	Q All right. Were you ever made aware by any victim
10	advocate in the District Attorney's Office of any disagreement
11	that the victims had in this case?
12	A I believe that they were I believe I was informed
13	that the victims were disappointed about not receiving jail
14	time for the defendant.
15	Q Who told you that?
16	A I believe it was Lynn Bradberry.
17	Q Lynn Bradberry told you that?
18	A Yes. Yes.
19	Q When were you told that piece of information?
20	A During court that term of court that day.
21	Q All right. I read the transcript and I've seen that
22	when Judge Stephens asked specifically if the victims if the
23	victims had any statement or objected to that and at that point
24	you did not know; is that right?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And ultimately did you and you had said t	hat your
2	victim advocate was not in the not in the courtroom	ı that
3	day; is that right?	
4	A She had stepped out for just a moment.	
5	Q Okay. And then ultimately did you receive t	hat
6	information when the victim advocate came back in and	told you
7	that?	
8	A Yes.	
9	Q Okay. And that happened while the plea was	going on?
10	A Yes, but I'm not sure if that information wa	ıs
11	gathered at that time or if that was just when I was r	eceiving
12	that information.	
13	Q I understand. But from your standpoint, the	e person
14	handling the plea agreement and was doing the plea col	loquy,
15	that was the first time you had became aware that the	victims
16	were objecting to that?	
17	A Yes.	
18	MR. EPPS: That's all the questions I have.	
19	THE COURT: Any questions for Mr. Neal?	
20	MR. WILSON: Yes.	
21		
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION	
23		
24	BY MR. WILSON:	
25	Q Did you were you asked on the record whet	ther or

1	not du:	ring the colloquy were you asked about the whether
2	or not the	e victims agreed with the with the plea agreement?
3	А	I believe so, yes.
4	Q	And did you did you state what you learned?
5	А	I did, yes.
6	Q	And what was that?
7	А	Is that they opposed the defendant not receiving jail
8	time.	
9	Q	Okay. And did you you related that to Judge
10	Stephens?	
11	А	Yes, I did. I believe so.
12	Q	Okay.
13		MR. WILSON: Just a moment, Your Honor, please.
14	Noth	ing further.
15		MR. EPPS: One one thing, Judge. Sorry.
16		THE COURT: Yeah.
17		
18		REDIRECT EXAMINATION
19		
20	BY MR. EP	PS:
21	Q	When you do a plea agreement in front of Judge
22	Stephens o	or any other judge, you have to give a factual basis
23	of that p	lea agreement; is that right?
24	А	Yes.
25	Q	And in this case Mr. Ballard, the defense attorney,

1	provided that factual basis for this for that agreement?
2	A He did.
3	Q And you did not do that?
4	A Not at that time.
5	Q I'm asking this question to you, Mr. Neal. Before
6	that plea was entered, had you reviewed the file?
7	A I had reviewed the Tracker notes for the file.
8	Q Okay. But you had not done a deep dive into the
9	into the accident report, what happened on field sobriety, what
10	happened in the DUI? You had not had an opportunity to do that
11	yet?
12	A I can't say that it was a deep dive, no.
13	Q And so your what you did that day was at the
14	direction of Ms. Gonzalez?
15	A I was asked to deliver colloquies, yes.
16	Q Yes sir.
17	MR. EPPS: That's all the questions I have, Judge
18	Stephens.
19	MR. WILSON: No further questions.
20	THE COURT: All right. May the witness be excused?
21	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor. And at that at this
22	point the Movant rests subject to rebuttal.
23	THE COURT: All right. You may proceed, Mr. Wilson.
24	Need a minute?
25	MR. WILSON: Yeah, if you don't mind, Your Honor.

1	THE COURT: All right. Take a five-minute break.
2	[Brief recess is taken.]
3	THE COURT: Mr. Wilson, you ready or you need a few
4	more minutes?
5	MR. WILSON: I'm ready.
6	THE COURT: All right. You may proceed.
7	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor. I'll call
8	Deborah Gonzalez.
9	THE COURT: You may proceed
10	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Mr. Wilson.
12	MR. WILSON: Thank you.
13	
14	DEBORAH GONZALEZ
15	
16	Called as a witness by the State, having previously been duly
17	sworn, is examined and testifies as follows:
18	
19	DIRECT EXAMINATION
20	
21	BY MR. WILSON:
22	Q Ms. Gonzalez, I'm going to show you what's been
23	marked as State's Exhibit Number 1, which I think is may be
24	a duplicate of one that's already been entered. Would you
25	please tell the Court what that is?

1		А	It's an email from Tab Hunter to me.
2		Q	And is that is that an email that he sent to you?
3		A	Yes, with the trial calendar.
4		Q	Is is that an accurate copy of that email?
5		A	Yes.
6		Q	And could you please specify as to the the date
7	that	that	email was sent and time?
8		А	September 21st, 2023, 12:25 a.m.
9			MR. WILSON: I'd ask that State's 1 be moved into the
10		evid	ence.
11			THE COURT: Any objection?
12			MR. EPPS: Can I take a look at can I take a look
13		at t	hat, Mr. Wilson, one more time?
14			MR. WILSON: This one?
15			MR. EPPS: This this can I take a look at that
16		one?	Sorry.
17			MR. WILSON: Sure. Sure.
18			MR. EPPS: I'm sorry, Mr. Wilson. I was just
19			MR. WILSON: No worries.
20			MR. EPPS: So, Your Honor, this exhibit is previous
21		M-13	
22			MR. WILSON: Yes.
23			MR. EPPS: which you I understood that you
24		deni	ed that exhibit coming into evidence. That's the one
25		rela	ted to Tab Hunter on Thursday, September 21st. So I

1	have no objection to this as long as all of M-13 comes
2	into evidence.
3	THE COURT: I'll I'll admit State's 1.
4	THE WITNESS: That's just the that's not the
5	attachment.
6	MR. WILSON: Well, Your Honor, I that's what I'm
7	offering the Court. Not the attachment.
8	THE COURT: I'm admitting State's 1.
9	MR. WILSON: Yeah.
10	MR. EPPS: So but are we have we admitted M-13
11	at this point, which is the same email just with the
12	attachment, Your Honor? Because if we did, I'm asking fo
13	all of it be admitted.
14	THE COURT: Well, then you'll have an opportunity to
15	tender it again if you want to. But right now I'm just
16	admitting State's 1.
17	MR. WILSON: Thank you, Your Honor.
18	BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]
19	Q Ms. Gonzalez, I'm going to show you what's been
20	marked as State's 2. Could you please review that? And what
21	is that?
22	A This is an email from Tab Hunter with the subject of
23	end of service.
24	Q And have you seen that have you seen that email
25	before?

1	A Yes.
2	Q Is that an accurate copy of the email that was sent?
3	A Yes, it is.
4	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, at this time I'd move to
5	admit State's 2.
6	MR. EPPS: Objection. It's hearsay. Mr. Hunter is
7	not here and they're attempting to introduce an email from
8	Mr. Hunter to her. It's hearsay.
9	THE COURT: Let me see it and I'll rule on it.
10	MR. EPPS: Actually, no. I'll let it in.
11	Absolutely.
12	THE COURT: Oh, you'll let it in?
13	MR. EPPS: I mean sorry, Judge.
14	THE COURT: Well, thank you, judge.
15	MR. EPPS: Sorry. I I sorry, Judge. Need to
16	know my role. Absolutely I want that exhibit in, Your
17	Honor.
18	THE COURT: So you don't object?
19	MR. EPPS: I don't object. I withdraw the objection.
20	THE COURT: Okay. State's 2 is admitted.
21	MR. EPPS: Yeah.
22	THE COURT: All right.
23	MR. WILSON: And on State's thank you, Your Honor.
24	BY MR. WILSON: [Resuming]
25	Q And on State's 2 does it does it specify a time of

1	of Mr. Hunter's effective resignation?
2	A Yes. He says accept with gratitude with this notice
3	of my intention to end my service effective 8:00 a.m.,
4	Thursday, September 21st, 2023.
5	Q And that that was actually after the plea offers
6	were communicated; correct?
7	A 12:28 a.m.
8	Q And we heard we heard a little bit about the
9	letter that was sent or was posted in the Oconee Enterprise.
LO	Do you do you have any knowledge of how that was how that
L1	was done?
L2	A Yes. We received a request from the media about if
L3	we had any comments about the Marsy's Law violations. And I
L 4	worked with my director of external relations and we wrote a
L5	statement an official statement. And then we not only gave
L 6	it to the reporter who asked, but we sent it out to the rest of
L7	the media as an official statement from the office. We never
L8	put it out as a letter to the editor in my personal capacity.
L 9	Q Okay. But that's the way it appeared in the
20	newspaper?
21	A Yes, it appeared that way even though we were not
22	asked whether we wanted it as a letter of editor. We had sent
23	it specifically as an official statement from the office. Not
24	as a letter from me.
25	Q Okay. And do you consider that there is a difference

1	between the two of them?
2	A Yes.
3	Q And what is that?
4	A One is from the office in the official capacity. And
5	usually letters to the editors are individuals, right, who are
6	voicing their opinions or thoughts about something. But it's
7	in a personal capacity and that was not how this was sent.
8	Q So it was changed to from a statement to a letter
9	to the editor by the paper?
10	A By the paper.
11	MR. EPPS: Objection. Objection. Calls for
12	speculation. They don't know she doesn't know that.
13	THE WITNESS: He testified to it.
14	THE COURT: Wait a minute. I'll allow it.
15	MR. WILSON: Thank you. Nothing further.
16	MR. EPPS: Yes.
17	THE COURT: All right. Recross.
18	
19	RECROSS-EXAMINATION
20	
21	BY MR. EPPS:
22	Q Ms. Gonzalez, do you remember previously testifying
23	under oath to Judge Stephens
24	A Yes.
25	Q before this?

1	А	I'm still under oath.
2	Q	And do you remember previously testifying to Judge
3	Stephens	that you specifically received a request from the
4	Oconee En	terprise in which that response and that letter to the
5	editor is	what you gave them? Do you remember that testimony?
6	А	That I received yes, I thought that I had received
7	it from t	hem. I found out that, in fact, it was Wayne Ford who
8	had sent	the questions.
9	Q	Who'd you find that out from?
10	А	From Dawn Brinkley, the person who is does the
11	communica	tions for the office.
12	Q	When did you just find that out?
13	А	Earlier today.
14	Q	Well, you could've only done it after the editor of
15	the Ocone	e Enterprise testified. Is that when you did it?
16	А	No, actually it was before.
17	Q	Oh, so you were prepared to correct your testimony
18	that you'	d previously given to Judge Stephens?
19	А	No. I had spoken to her about submitting a statement
20	before.	
21	Q	Ms. Gonzalez, regardless of how the Oconee Enterprise
22	treated y	our statement, you would agree with me that you
23	commented	on this case in the media regarding the victims? You
24	would agr	ee with me you did that?
25	А	No. I did not comment about the victims. I

1 commented about the contact that my office had with the victims. 2 3 Right. So there you go. Let's see if we can get through the nomenclature. You put out to the public 4 5 confidential information regarding contact with victims -pursuant to Marsy's Law that you're not allowed to do, you put 6 7 out in a public statement that your office had confidential 8 communications with victims and you told the world about it, didn't you? The case was closed. It wasn't confidential. 10 11 case is closed, anybody can submit a public -- an open records 12 request to get information. The case was closed. 13 0 No ma'am. You just stood when your attorneys -- in the hallway across where you stated -- and I want to be clear 14 15 about what you're stating to Judge Stephens -- you and your 16 attorneys have advanced in the open records case that your 17 office is not subject to open records and you have immunity to it and that you do not have to respond to any open records. 18 19 MR. WILSON: Your Honor --20 MR. EPPS: Let me finish my question. 21 MR. WILSON: Okay. 22 BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming] 23 You have asserted in a judicial pleading that you are

not subject to open records requests, regardless if the case is

closed or not closed, that you are -- have immunity as it

24

25

1	relates to this. Have you not done that, Ms. Gonzalez?
2	A It's a totally separate
3	MR. WILSON: Your Honor, I do I do object to that
4	as as beyond the scope of this hearing and not
5	relevant.
6	THE COURT: Reference you're making reference to
7	another proceeding a separate proceeding?
8	MR. EPPS: Absolutely, Judge. And you can take
9	judicial notice of this. They have absolutely she just
10	told us that in her defense of putting confidential
11	communications out with victims in that letter to the
12	editor. Her dispute her answer was I can send open
13	anyone can send me open records requests and you can get
14	it. Well, she is now talking out of two sides
15	THE COURT: All right.
16	MR. EPPS: because she has sat over there with
17	Judge Emerson and I just had a hearing last week on a
18	motion to dismiss that she claimed immunity and she
19	doesn't have to respond to it, Judge. You can't have it
20	both ways.
21	THE COURT: All right. I'll allow the question.
22	THE WITNESS: You asked about
23	THE COURT: I'll allow it. I'll allow her to answer.
24	THE WITNESS: Then let me answer.
25	MR. EPPS: Let me ask the question again.

THE COURT: No. 1 Let her answer. 2 MR. EPPS: Okay. 3 THE WITNESS: Let me answer. You asked about if I had given confidential information about clients. I did 4 5 There is nothing in that statement that is confidential information about a client. I talked about 6 7 contact and my office doing its due diligence and having 8 that contact with the victim. And, again, our assertion is that the victim that we needed to contact in this case 9

BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]

was the sister.

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- Q Sure. You agree with me that Marsy's Law says that communications with victims are confidential; you agree with me?
 - A The actual subject matter of communications, yes.
- Q Where does it say that? Where does it say that in Marsy's Law? Tell me.

A There is nothing in Marsy's Law that says we cannot ever say that we have spoken to somebody or that we have spoken to the victim or not spoken to the victim. What we do not disclose when we talk about confidentiality is we do not disclose the subject matter of these items. And when I said that anybody can do an open records request, anybody could've gone to the clerk of courts to get anything related to this case once it's closed.

1	Q No ma'am.
2	A They don't necessarily have to come to me. They can
3	get any of those public documents from the clerk of courts.
4	Q No ma'am. Let me go you've done a lot there. So
5	let me break this down. Showing you M-11, which is letter to
6	the editor. When you state in this letter, in the case of one
7	victim, our office did its due diligence in contacting the
8	victim's family multiple times and keeping them informed as to
9	case details were as case details were available, did I read
LO	that correctly?
L1	A Yes.
L2	Q And in that in that letter to the editor to your
L3	statement to the Oconee Enterprise you told the newspaper, you
L 4	told the public what you were informing the victims about,
L 5	didn't you?
L 6	A These were generalizations
L7	Q About hold on.
L 8	A about saying case details or things like that.
L 9	There's nothing here that specifies actual facts or specifics
20	of the case.
21	Q Right. So let's let's get to this point. You
22	have now tendered State's Exhibit 1, which is Tab Hunter's
23	email to you on September 21st, 2023, at 12:25 a.m.; is that

right? Your office just did that?

Yes, the email.

25

Α

1	Q Right. And you objected to M-13 that came into
2	evidence as work
3	A We objected to the attachment because the attachment
4	to us is work product that had all pleas of all different
5	cases. But this that we're admitting is only the top email to
6	say what it was, that it was sent to us.
7	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'd take this time to re-
8	tender M-13.
9	THE COURT: So I've already let in the first page of
10	M-13 which is the same thing as State's 1
11	MR. EPPS: Correct.
12	THE COURT: because I didn't think the rest of it
13	was was
14	MR. EPPS: Well, now I've established what happened;
15	right? So the second page says Tab, I need a list of each
16	case with the offer made and defense attorney. Ms.
17	Gonzalez has established that's from her.
18	THE COURT: Okay. That's in
19	MR. EPPS: So I established that's from her to Tab.
20	THE COURT: Right.
21	MR. EPPS: Is that in evidence, Your Honor?
22	THE COURT: That is admitted.
23	MR. EPPS: Okay. And then the plea offer which
24	they're putting
25	THE COURT: That's admitted.

1	MR. EPPS: Yeah. Okay.
2	THE COURT: It's just the balance of all the others
3	is what I wanted to keep out because it's not it's not
4	relevant.
5	MR. EPPS: Understood. That's all I needed
6	clarification on.
7	THE COURT: All right.
8	BY MR. EPPS: [Resuming]
9	Q Okay. Now your only other exhibit that you tendered
10	is the resignation from Tab Hunter on Thursday, September 21st,
11	2023, at 12:28 a.m. So let's be clear about something.
12	Thursday, September 21st, 2023, at 12:28 a.m. is in the wee
13	hours of the morning.
14	A Yes.
15	Q So what he did what you're showing is within a
16	three-minute span he sent a plea offer to you at your request
17	and then three minutes later he sent a resignation; right?
18	A Yes.
19	Q And but when you stood up in front of Judge
20	Stephens, and when you made that Facebook post, you said he
21	walked out of court and resigned?
22	A Yes. He was very upset and he walked out of court
23	and he says I'm out of here, I quit.
24	Q Right.
25	A And so to me I'm just not going to accept that

1	somebody on my staff just quit. I want to know what happened.
2	I want to know what he's feeling. I want to know if there's a
3	way that he can stay with the office, if there's something that
4	we can rectify.
5	Q I'm going to ask a real simple question, and I know
6	it's probably I'm just going to ask for a yes or no. When
7	you told Judge Stephens and when you posted that Facebook page
8	that Tab Hunter walked out of court and resigned on Wednesday,
9	the previous day, that was not the truth, was it, Ms. Gonzalez?
10	A It was the truth. He walked out and he wanted to
11	leave. And we were trying to convince him not to.
12	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, I'll leave that to you. No
13	further questions.
14	THE COURT: Anything any further questions?
15	MR. WILSON: No redirect, Your Honor.
16	THE COURT: All right. You may step down. Thank
17	you.
18	THE WITNESS: Thank you, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Any further evidence, Mr. Wilson?
20	MR. WILSON: No. No, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: All right. Any evidence in rebuttal?
22	MR. EPPS: I'd just like to tender M-16, Your Honor,
23	as the notice of filing of subpoenas. I know it's part of
24	the record, but ultimately in a motion for contempt for
25	non-compliance, I need to have that tendered to your

1	office.
2	THE COURT: Any objection for M-16?
3	MR. WILSON: I mean, as far as the form of it, no.
4	THE COURT: All right. It's admitted.
5	MR. EPPS: Your Honor, with that, the Movant rests.
6	THE COURT: All right. Closing argument?
7	MR. EPPS: We reserve the right to open and close.
8	Mr. Fitzpatrick will open and I will close.
9	THE COURT: Okay.
10	MR. FITZPATRICK: Thank you, Your Honor.
11	Your Honor, if you would, I would ask the Court to
12	pull out Movant's Exhibits 4 and 5.
13	THE COURT: All right. Let me
14	MR. EPPS: I've got them, Judge.
15	THE COURT: If you'll hand those to Ms. Colley and
16	then let Ms. Colley, if you'll hand me the evidence if
17	it's in is it in order of
18	MR. EPPS: No, Judge. Let me fix that real fast.
19	Judge, I'm showing M-12 was not admitted. I just
20	want to make sure M-12 was not admitted.
21	THE COURT: Okay.
22	MR. EPPS: All right. Judge, I think I've got them.
23	THE COURT: All right. So what you just took one
24	back.
25	MR. EPPS: This is an extra duplicate copy, Judge.

1	THE COURT: Oh, all right. What were the exhibits
2	you wanted me to look at, Mr. Fitzpatrick?
3	MR. FITZPATRICK: If you would, Your Honor, pull out
4	4 and 5. It's the transcript of guilty plea and the
5	police officer's report.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. FITZPATRICK: But before I get to that, I would
8	like to talk with you about common law marriage since that
9	is the defense here.
10	THE COURT: Okay. Have you given Mr. Wilson a copy
11	of the brief you just handed up?
12	MR. FITZPATRICK: Yes sir, I just handed it to him.
13	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
14	MR. FITZPATRICK: So, Judge, if I may if I'm out
15	of line, you'll certainly tell me. If you've already made
16	a decision on saying that there is a common law marriage,
17	I will not go through this. If you would like me to argue
18	this, then I certainly will if that's if that's an
19	appropriate inquiry of the Court.
20	THE COURT: Well, I think what I'll I'm going to
21	let you argue it and then I'll let Mr. Wilson argue the
22	other side.
23	MR. FITZPATRICK: All right, sir.
24	Your Honor, since 1860 common law marriage was
25	recognized in Georgia up until January 1 of 1997. And the

cases say that -- you know, there are three, not four as the District Attorney said -- three elements of common law marriage. And they're found on page three of this brief under Argument and Citation of Authority. And they were codified in the Code and were in effect, of course, until January 1 of 1997.

First of all, the parties must be able to contract. The evidence before you today is that both -- and I'm going to call them Susan and Jim, if I may.

THE COURT: That's fine.

MR. FITZPATRICK: Susan and Jim were able to contract. They were of sound mind. She specifically said that.

There must be an actual contract. She said they entered into an oral marriage contract. And there was no evidence to the contrary, and they were -- then there must be consummation according to law. And consummation is defined as cohabitation as man and wife.

So the other elements that we needed to prove is that for there to be a marriage neither can have a living spouse of a previous undissolved marriage, which Susan said that that is accurate. They were not related to each other by blood or marriage within the prohibited degree, and she said they were not. So for 37 years beginning in 1985 when Susan was 23, Jim was 21, they cohabited as man

and wife and considered themselves as husband and wife.

And she went through the things that they did together and there was a number of those.

Now, the cases say that long cohabitation is one of the strongest habits known to man and is only to be repelled by clear evidence and that is on page four of the brief. And so 37 years, I would suggest to you, of connubial habit is certainly long for anyone. So I would suggest to you that when they have been living in apparent matrimony, they are presumed, in absence of counter presumptions of proof, not to be violating the due order of society and breaking the law, but to be in fact married. And that is in the case that I have cited in the brief.

So I would suggest to you that the uncontradicted evidence before the Court today is that Jim and Susan were married by common law. That is a question of fact for the trier of fact and the burden of proof is simply a preponderance of the evidence. And so we suggest to you that there -- we have proven by a preponderance of the evidence -- in fact, uncontradicted preponderance of the evidence -- that Jim and Susan were married by common law.

The only other issue -- point I'd like to make about this common law is that there is no requirement in the Georgia Crime Victims Bill of Rights that Susan have held

herself out to be Jim's wife at any time to the State. 1 2 And throughout this case, as shown by the emails that 3 we've presented and been offered into evidence, the District Attorney's Office treated Susan as Jim's spouse. 4 5 It was only after this Marsy's Law violation motion was filed that all of a sudden the District Attorney makes the 6 7 allegation that Susan was not Jim's spouse. 8 So for the reasons that we have presented to you and the law as I have set out in the hearing brief on common 9 10 law marriage, we suggest to you that we have proved by a 11 preponderance of the evidence, again, without contradiction, that Susan and Jim were common law married 12 13 and that in fact she meets the definition of victim of the Georgia Crime Victims Act. 14 15 So if I may, if the Court would allow me to and is 16 ready for me to, I will now shift to other argument before 17 the Court. THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. 18 19 Judge, in the transcript of the MR. FITZPATRICK: 20 guilty plea, I would refer you to page 15 -- excuse me --21 start with page 13. And this is Mr. Ballard, as has been 22 pointed out, making the proffer to the Court about the 23 plea.

THE COURT:

24

25

MISTI H. COLLEY, C.C.R.
Official Court Reporter
Western Judicial Circuit
(706) 202-6384

MR. FITZPATRICK: And beginning on line 18, he says

Yes sir.

my review of the evidence disclosed that the clothing worn by the decedent was not reflective in nature and that there might have been a taillight on the bike that might have been dimly working, but from my review of the videos, I couldn't tell.

Well, first of all, that's why the police report is important. If we go to the second page under the narrative, it says Driver 2 -- that would be Jim -- was also wearing bright yellow clothing. And before that it said the bicycle had a working headlight and a flashing red LED light facing the rear. If we go on further into a narrative, and this would be on the, I believe, sixth -- sixth page of this exhibit where the narrative is continued, Officer Joey Lewis wrote the bicyclist was wearing a typical road bicycle suit that consisted of a bright yellow top and had a red LED light attached to the rear of the bicycle, still blinking as we investigated. The bicycle also had a front headlight on the bicycle and was still illuminating.

So I suggest to you that you did not get accurate information on the proffer that was made, or whatever y'all choose to call it, when that was told to you at the plea and sentence that the clothing was not reflective in nature, there might have been a taillight that might have been dimly working. We all know about LED lights. They

are more bright than a normal light. Furthermore, you had the testimony unrebutted by Susan from the witness stand that at the place on Tallassee Road where Westchester comes in, there is a light.

So I suggest to you you did not have all the information -- in fact, you had incorrect information from the -- what was given to you by Mr. Ballard. And if we turn to page 14 of the transcript where it says it appears from a -- beginning at line 7 -- it appears from a review of the evidence and the videos from the case that decedent was wearing sunglasses. You heard again uncontradicted from Susan that if Jim was wearing sunglasses -- wearing glasses that night, they were the kind that transitioned and he would have been wearing them just for eye protection.

If we then turn to page 15 of the transcript, starting at line 3 where you ask, so he wasn't drinking alcohol? And Mr. Ballard said he had consumed alcohol earlier in the evening, Your Honor, but the evidence doesn't indicate that alcohol was a contributing factor and certainly doesn't, isn't -- there isn't enough evidence to establish that his consumption of alcohol is the approximate cause of the accident.

Now, for what it's worth to the Court, and I suggest to you it is worth something, the third page of the police

report under narrative says Driver 1 was determined to be
under the influence at the time of the crash. And if we
go on over to the fifth page again under narrative, and
this is Officer Joey Lewis speaking again: I was informed
by Sergeant Wood that patrol officers met with Luke
Waldrop who was driving a white Honda Accord and was still
on the scene who displayed physical manifestations of
alcohol impairment such as bloodshot watery eyes, thick
slurred speech, and swaying back and forth as he was
talking with officers. And we turn to the next page and
now this is Officer Lewis speaking: Sergeant Wood told me
to assist SPO Denmark with investigation with a driver of
the Honda. SPO Denmark and I met with Waldrop and I
observed he was displaying physical manifestations of
alcohol impairment such as bloodshot watery eyes, thick
slurred speech, and he was swaying back and forth and side
by side as he stood. Waldrop stated he was coming from
downtown Athens and was heading home which is off Vaughn
Road. Waldrop stated he had consumed three beers not too
long ago. SPO Denmark furthered an impairment
investigation by asking Waldrop would he be willing to
participate in SFST, to which Waldrop said yes. This was
based on the collision and Waldrop's physical
manifestation of alcohol impairment he was exhibiting.

I will not go through, but I would like the Court to

look at the three tests that were administered to Mr. Waldrop. And in each one of those tests, I would suggest to you that it is apparent that Mr. Waldrop had some sort of incapacity and apparently a -- which I would suggest to you was the result of alcohol that he had consumed not too long ago. All of this is in direct contradiction to what was presented to you at the plea hearing. And those three tests are there for you to review and determine in your decision whether or not you had all the information that you should have had when the plea was entered.

Now, if we turn to the next page of the police report and you will see that SPO Denmark read Mr. Waldrop the Georgia Implied Consent Notice for Suspects Over the Age of 21 and requested a blood test and Waldrop said no. So then as the narrative goes on, a warrant was obtained, a blood search warrant was obtained and Waldrop was taken to Piedmont Athens Regional Medical Center for the blood draw. But before that, while they were at the West Precinct, Officer Lewis, who was sitting in the driver's seat of SPO Denmark's car, said the inside of the entire car smelled of an alcoholic beverage and he watched Waldrop while he was in the back of the patrol car passed out. None of this was told to you, not a single word of this was told to you at the plea hearing.

Waldrop refused to sign the documents to have his

blood drawn. It was made very clear by SPO Denmark that he had a signed search warrant from a judge, and Waldrop again refused the blood draw and signed a refusal letter presented by the phlebotomist at the hospital. None of this, again, was presented to you at the plea hearing.

Now, in addition to what we believe this -- this is what you would have heard from Susan Wilson if she had been here as she should have been on September the 21st when the plea hearing was held. But she -- as you heard from her, uncontradicted again, she had obtained a copy of this motor vehicle crash report and she had studied it. She knew what was in it. The State apparently had not even looked at it. I don't know any other way to characterize that than they hadn't even looked at it. Because no one from the State objected to what Mr. Ballard was telling you. And, again, I suggest to you Mr. Ballard simply was not giving you the facts of this case.

Somewhat to add -- well, not somewhat, but to add insult to injury, Mr. Neal made the representation to you -- and I'm not faulting Mr. Neal because he was only repeating what he had just been told, apparently, from his testimony -- we have spoken with the family of the victim and they have been notified of any -- of the offer in this case, Your Honor. Well, Susan Wilson hadn't been notified. Susan Wilson got a phone call on the morning of

this plea agreement. And it will be up to you -- we understand the law -- for you to decide whether that phone call to her on the morning of the plea was reasonable notice to her, but we suggest to you that it was not. Even though they talked to Jim's sister in Virginia, as Susan said, she was nine hours away and that was not reasonable notice even to her. There was no way on this earth she could have gotten here from Virginia by the time this plea agreement was held when she was called, I believe if I heard correctly, eight o'clock in the morning.

So the claim that you were -- and the pleadings that the District Attorney says, well, the Court was notified of the objection; that's not what Marsy's Law says.

Marsy's Law says the victim -- that is, Susan -- had the right to be here to speak to you. And if she had spoken to you and she had told you what this motor vehicle crash report said, we do not know what you would have done. But we suggest to you she had the right to tell you, and you had -- you should have had this information before you accepted a plea of probation to someone who just simply ran over Jim Jones and took his life.

And so, Your Honor, that is our portion of the opening argument. I'll answer any questions you may have; otherwise, I'll turn it over to Mr. Wilson.

1	THE COURT: Mr. Wilson, you may close for the State.
2	MR. WILSON: Thank you. Your Honor, we we submit
3	that the pleadings that we submitted to the Court are
4	accurate and relevant, Your Honor. It's a difficult
5	obviously it's a difficult situation for everyone. But,
6	Your Honor, I don't think that they've ever I think one
7	of the main things for common law marriage is that they
8	hold each other out as husband and wife. They never did
9	that.
10	THE COURT: She testified Susan Wilson testified
11	that they held themselves out as a married couple.
12	MR. WILSON: Well, I don't think I don't think
13	I don't think, Your Honor, there is evidence that she did
14	that at least brought to our attention at the D.A.'s
15	Office that she was not a spouse. She was a partner.
16	THE COURT: So why why does partner necessarily
17	make you think it's not a spouse?
18	MR. WILSON: Well, it's when I asked Ms. Hayes, I
19	said does that mean the same thing to you as being
20	married? And she said no, it does not. Your Honor, I do
21	think that that's important, Your Honor, because we took
22	
23	THE COURT: Well, but she was listed on your Tracker
24	notes as a victim, was she not?
25	MR. WILSON: She was.

1 THE COURT: Right. So the assumption was that she 2 was a victim because she was a spouse; correct? 3 MR. WILSON: Well, I don't think that's a fair 4 assumption, Your Honor. 5 THE COURT: Okay. MR. WILSON: I do -- I do think that we treated her 6 7 -- and that would -- but that -- we're dealing with a 8 Marsy's Law violation, Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: Okay. All right. 10 MR. WILSON: We're dealing with a legal Marsy's Law 11 violation. 12 THE COURT: Fair enough. 13 MR. WILSON: And, you know, I -- she doesn't meet the 14 criteria under the law. The law is extremely specific, 15 Your Honor. And to try to -- to try to make it so during 16 this hearing when there's been evidence that she didn't 17 get to -- did not get to -- they didn't have a house. They weren't really holding each other out. But I really 18 19 don't want to dwell too much on that, Your Honor, because 20 I think -- I think that's our point. Our point is that 21 legally we did not consider her the spouse. So we would 22 not have had a duty to notify her. Even though there was 23 notification --24 THE COURT: Okay. 25 MR. WILSON: -- because there was -- we knew how

1	close they you know, how close she was to the victim in
2	the case. So we did we did do that.
3	THE COURT: All right. So what notice was provided
4	to the person that you did consider a victim?
5	MR. WILSON: Excuse me?
6	THE COURT: What notice was provided to the sister
7	that you did consider a victim?
8	MR. WILSON: Well, we did I could I could spell
9	it out, Your Honor. They well, I mean, there's several
10	there's several phone calls.
11	THE COURT: The phone call on the morning of
12	September 21st?
13	MR. WILSON: Well, there was that, along with there
14	also was several other contacts. There were several
15	conversations with Ms. Hayes and the sister, along with
16	Ms. Wilson, but they were previous contacts. It's my
17	understanding that when Ms. Arroyo testified, Ms. Arroyo
18	testified that she first reached out to the sister and the
19	sister was notified. Your Honor, there's there's
20	THE COURT: Was notified on the morning of the plea.
21	MR. WILSON: Yes.
22	THE COURT: Okay.
23	MR. WILSON: Yes sir.
24	THE COURT: All right.
25	MR. WILSON: And that's that's factual, Your

1 Honor. 2 THE COURT: Okay. 3 MR. WILSON: Is the Court -- well, we notify -- we 4 notify people -- and I would say the majority of people 5 that are notified in criminal cases, and you know this, aren't -- as far as victims, even though they have a right 6 7 to be here, they do not avail themselves of that right. 8 So there's a lot of times when the Court takes pleas that the victims aren't going to be here and they don't avail 9 10 themselves, although they do make it known to our office 11 what they feel about the recommendations, whether it was 12 -- whether it was what they agreed with or what they don't 13 agree with. And obviously this law was made so that the 14 victims of cases would get notice and that things would 15 not happen without them knowing about it, Your Honor. 16 THE COURT: So that they would have a meaningful 17 opportunity to address the Court and give a victim impact statement if they felt like they wanted to. 18 19 MR. WILSON: Yes. Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: Okay. 21 MR. WILSON: And I think -- I think we did -- we did 22 notify -- we notified her and we immediately relayed it to 23 the Court as to her --

Her being the sister.

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THE COURT:

MR. WILSON: Yes, yes, yes.

1	THE COURT: So what meaningful opportunity did she
2	have to come and tell what she felt when she was in
3	Virginia and the plea was going to be that morning? So
4	how is that prompt notification?
5	MR. WILSON: Well, Your Honor, I don't Your Honor,
6	I can't I can't say that; however
7	THE COURT: Okay.
8	MR. WILSON: we didn't get she let us know she
9	was unhappy with it.
10	THE COURT: All right.
11	MR. WILSON: And we did have subsequent
12	communications with her when she matter of fact, she
13	offered she offered to bring in the Movant into the
14	conversation but we it was not able to do that. We
15	were trying to we were trying to notify her. We
16	weren't able to, Your Honor. And I do think I do think
17	it's
18	THE COURT: But how does that much how does how
19	does notice the morning of the plea, how does that provide
20	how is that prompt notice to provide the victim with an
21	opportunity a meaningful opportunity to be heard?
22	MR. WILSON: Well, Your Honor
23	THE COURT: You say, you know, we're getting ready to
24	take this plea, here it is, I mean, what do you think? I
25	mean, is that do you consider that that complies with

1	the obligations of the prosecution to provide prompt
2	notice reasonable, accurate, timely notice of a court
3	proceeding?
4	MR. WILSON: I would I would submit to the Court
5	that if there were an issue where they wanted to present
6	or do a victim impact statement, we would come in as
7	prosecutors and say you know what, Judge, we're ready to
8	go on this thing but
9	THE COURT: Right.
10	MR. WILSON: we need to have a meaningful reasoned
11	delay.
12	THE COURT: Right. And y'all have and that has
13	that happens.
14	MR. WILSON: It does, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: It happens. It says give it I need to
16	contact you know, Your Honor, we want to make sure that
17	the victims have been notified, have a chance to be heard
18	before we take up this plea.
19	MR. WILSON: Well, and we did
20	THE COURT: And y'all have done that on occasion.
21	MR. WILSON: Absolutely.
22	THE COURT: Yeah.
23	MR. WILSON: And we did we did notify her. We
24	notified the sister. She did not express to us that, hey,
25	don't do this today. I can't do this today. I need to

1	think about this. It was nothing like that. She just
2	said I'm not happy with it. And, you know, as the Court
3	well knows that these cases in these cases it's not
4	it's certainly not possible to, you know it's not meant
5	to Marsy's Law is not meant to make people necessarily
6	happy, given unhappy situations that follow these cases,
7	Your Honor. It it is our contention, Your Honor, that
8	we did properly notify the victim in this case. Now, had
9	she asked for a delay to meaningfully and like the
10	Court is well aware we've done that in many cases. We've
11	got we've got something we think
12	THE COURT: Well, but you have to I mean, some
13	cases are much more serious than others; wouldn't you
14	agree?
15	MR. WILSON: I agree. I agree.
16	THE COURT: And a case involving the death of a human
17	being would be a case in which maybe that's to be given
18	special consideration; wouldn't you agree?
19	MR. WILSON: I do agree that it needs special
20	consideration, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: Okay. All right, then.
22	MR. WILSON: I'm not and I don't want to suggest
23	that at all to the Court
24	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
25	MR. WILSON: that this is like some of the other

cases we have. This is -- was a very serious tragic case.

I mean, the Court knew enough about the case obviously to
-- to state that in the -- during the colloquy that this
was --

THE COURT: Yeah.

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MR. WILSON: -- when the Court considered the negotiations that this was a tragic case. They are tragic cases, and they are incredibly sad cases. I do -- I do understand and I'm certainly sympathetic to that. what -- but what -- it's our position, Your Honor, we have complied with -- we did comply in this case with Marsy's We notified the sister. We -- and she did not ask Law. to delay it. She -- she made -- she -- she expressed her opinions on the sentence. The sentence -- we expressed those to the Court so the Court didn't think that -wasn't misled at all, Your Honor. I don't see how the Court was misled. I mean, the -- the Movant is talking about all these factors and everything, but that's still within the Court case and everybody -- everybody has their sides of things, Your Honor. I mean, there's -- and rather -- I don't think it's appropriate for us to -- and I don't think it's appropriate for either side to go through the evidence because that's not the main reason why we're here, Judge. We are here on a Marsy's Law hearing.

Your Honor, and as I said earlier, Ms. Wilson has expressed her opinions to the Court as to what she would do, what she would have wanted, Your Honor, but we just -- we don't feel like she was a legal victim as far as Marsy's Law. And I don't think that there's been any -- and there was -- there was a lot of reasonable reasons why we did not consider -- why Ms. Arroyo did not consider her to be the victim in the case on that day. Certainly she told --

MR. WILSON: I mean -- I think if she had been -- if we had considered her as such and we had not been able to get in contact with her, like the questioning happened earlier, we would not have proceeded, you know. So, Your Honor, I don't think we're in violation of Marsy's Law. I understand -- I completely understand that this is -- this is a sad case. I don't think anything was misrepresented to the Court. Ms. Wilson has had her chance to -- to address the Court and -- may I just have a moment, Your Honor?

THE COURT: Sure.

MR. WILSON: Thank you.

Your Honor, I just would -- I just would like to point out to the Court that -- and this is so important because it is such a narrowly tailored law -- that we

notified the Court -- or Mr. Neal let the Court know about the victim's opposition to the plea. And, Your Honor, I just -- I just don't think legally we've committed a Marsy's Law violation. Thank you.

MR. EPPS: My mentor in law as you know, Judge
Stephens, is Ed Allen. And he told me one time as a young
lawyer that when you stand up, if the law is not on your
side, you argue the facts. And if the facts are not on
your side, you just argue. A lot of lawyers do that. We
just heard that. And I'm going to put a caveat to that.
You don't do that in Marsy's Law. You don't do that in a
Marsy's Law hearing.

I want to state the record something. I know the Court wrote this down. It was important when Ms. Hayes took the stand because she testified that Ms. Wilson told her that they were husband and wife. That's in the record. That knowledge is imputed upon Mr. Wilson, and that knowledge is imputed upon Ms. Gonzalez. She unequivocally said that. And I asked her did you ever doubt that they were husband and wife? She said no.

He just stood up and told you because his boss said stand up and argue that a Marsy's Law violation has not occurred. And they said that one of the reasons why they didn't violate Marsy's Law is because the sister never asked to be here. Ms. Arroyo's testimony was very clear

to you. I asked her did you tell her that she had the right to be here? No. Why? Because I knew she was in Virginia. She couldn't have gotten here. He said something -- Mr. Wilson just said Marsy's Law is not to make people happy. You're right. You're right, Ms. Gonzalez, on his behalf. It's not to make people happy. There is no happiness. There's no happiness. her husband. This was her spouse. She wanted to tell you, Judge Stephens -- I'm sorry, let me collect myself for a second. But she wanted to tell you how important this man was to this world and to her. And Mr. Fitzpatrick stood up and told you if she -- look at her statement. Look how detailed it was. Look at what she was involved in this case on an individual basis. I don't know what you would have done if you would have heard that statement that day. I don't know, Judge Stephens.

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But do you know why Marsy's Law is so important to you, Judge Stephens? Do you know why? And I'll answer that question. Because it gives you the opportunity, not to be happy, not to be -- I don't know, just say you checked a box to Marsy's Law. It's to give the Court the opportunity because it specifically says in the statute that she gets to state her opinion as to the disposition of the case. You get that opportunity and they stripped you of that. They stripped

her. They stripped you because you didn't get to hear that that day. They let the defense counsel give you the basis of the facts. Now you know. That wasn't given to you.

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I want to say something to you, Judge Stephens, that they didn't say. They never suggested that they informed the sister that the plea could be continued so she could provide a statement. They never did that. None of the Tracker notes say that. None of that phone call. Do you want to know why? You want to know why that happened? Because they put the evidence in themselves. someone that has died in a criminal case and they're relying on the sentence and plea offer. She sat up here and danced around whether or not they made a plea offer To a guy, Mr. Hunter, that sent her the and they did. update and three minutes later resigned. Three minutes later resigned, who had no business commenting on any criminal case in this court. Zero. Zero. And she relied That's why I brought that to your attention. going to break that down in Marsy's Law for a second.

I bring this up to you. Thank God we had the transcript of what she said to you at the end of that hearing. Thank God we had her Facebook post that she put on her personal message. She either lied to you, she lied to the public, or she lied to herself. I was taught a

long time ago that every lie is two lies, the lie we tell others and the lies we tell ourselves.

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Judge Stephens, if you look in that packet of emails that they gave to me in the subpoena, you see what happened when it comes to this. The Marsy's Law violation She reaches out to Lynn and says Lynn, can you is filed. get me the statute as to who is defined as the victim in this case because they allege that she's the victim, she's the spouse. Can you look at that? That only occurred after Marsy's Law. And when she answered those nine questions, look at the email she sent. You want to know what your prosecuting attorney knew at the time that she stood up and recommended to an apprentice the plea? Nothing. Nothing. She asked this gentleman sitting right here, Robert Wilson, hey, can you give me your opinion about this plea, after the plea was done. And in the answers to the question -- Ms. Gonzalez wouldn't even take the time to answer this woman's questions. She asked Lynn to draft it, Mr. Wilson to draft it, and not herself. that, if you look into the Marsy's Law violation, she gave inaccurate information about the plea, but I would say to you, Judge Stephens, she acknowledged in an email after the plea that she was the victim. They only changed course after the Marsy's Law violation.

I want to read something to you, and I want to read

something to everybody in this courtroom. She didn't get to talk that day. The sister didn't get to talk that day. But Mr. Waldrop did. And what did he say with Ms. Gonzalez sitting right there. Yes. You actually asked anything you want to say? Yes. While I'm here and I have this mic, I just want to formally say to Ms. [sic] Jones' family, friends and co-workers and anybody else that he left behind just how truly sorry I am for this accident.

They weren't here. They didn't get to hear that.

Because they're scrambling. They're scrambling at 8:30 in the morning involving the death of a man. And, Judge, I read that transcript of that plea and I read what happened. They nolle prosed the first degrees. They nolle prosed them. They stripped you of it. And then they filed an accusation that you as the Court had to correct. They still had the original first degree charge in there. It was on the back. You asked them to cross it off and initial it. You asked them what are we pleading to here, do you even have the statutes correct?

And then he said something, and I -- I heard a quote the other day that's been ringing true with me. You need to remember people out loud because if you don't, they die twice. So I just want it to be known that for the rest of my life, no matter what happens, no matter what's decided, until I die I am going to be remembering Mr. Jones out

loud and I'm truly and deeply sorry to anybody who -- here who was a part of his life. Thank you, Your Honor.

What they filed questioning this woman as the spouse is not remembering this man. It's not speaking out loud. Mr. Waldrop took this case more serious than this office did with his statement before the Court. And you said it's a tragedy.

And it's a tragedy what they have done to this woman. They failed to prosecute correctly her husband, and then they have the audacity to put her through the pain and the suffering and the tragedy of having to stand up before you to prove that she was his spouse.

All right. §17-17-1 -- O.C.G.A. §17-17-1, Marsy's Law. What did they -- what did they -- what did they violate? What'd they do? §17-17-1 says the right to reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of any scheduled court proceeding or any changes to the proceeding. I am going to just make the assumption, Judge Stephens, that you will find this woman as the spouse of this man. And there is no way that a voicemail on the morning of a plea when the actual guy that was giving the plea to you was not even knowing where his victim advocate was and had to come in and tell you, yeah, the sister is disappointed with it. That is not reasonable, it is not accurate, and it is not timely.

The right not to be excluded from any scheduled proceedings except as provided in this chapter is otherwise required by law, subsection 3. They never gave them the opportunity to be here, Judge, ever. And, again, I go back to their victim advocate at the time. Did you tell her that she could be here? And she said no.

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The right to confer with a prosecuting attorney in the criminal prosecution related to the victim. Stephens, I want to say something about this. Up until after midnight, Ms. Gonzalez, even though she had told you and the public that Mr. Hunter was the prosecuting -- was no longer with her office, he was making prosecutorial decisions with this case and made a plea offer -- told Ms. Gonzalez what his plea offer was and they presented that in front of you. He resigns three minutes later based on the evidence that they presented. She never had the opportunity to speak to the prosecuting attorney in this If you take what Ms. Gonzalez said, one of her stories, one of her multiple stories as it relates to them, he was either with that office right up until midnight or he wasn't. So who was the prosecuting attorney? They never gave that opportunity.

Number 9, the right to be treated fairly and with dignity by all criminal justice agencies involved in the case. The definition of criminal justice agencies

includes the D.A.'s Office, Judge. That just didn't happen. That just didn't happen. As Mr. Waldrop so vividly put, you need to remember people out loud because if they don't, they died twice. Their office killed him twice because they didn't let the people speak out loud.

I want to cite this to you because under the wisdom of our legislature, sometimes that's a misnomer, but the wisdom of the legislature said under \$17-17-11, the right of the victim to express opinion on dispositions of accused's case — they labeled this right out — the prosecuting attorney shall offer the victim the opportunity to express the victim's opinions on the disposition of the accused's case including the views of the victim.

Now, I want you to hear what Mr. Wilson said. We did that, Judge, because we stood up and told you what the sister said. No sir. That's not what Marsy's Law says. It specifically says that the prosecuting attorney shall offer the victim the opportunity to express the victim's opinions. There is no evidence that any of that occurred. Zero.

Judge, I went back and looked at something, and you've got this and the Court can take judicial notice of this, the trial notice. When was it issued? When was it sent out as part of the file? August 29th, 2023. What

happening? Homicide by vehicle in the first degree, DUI alcohol, homicide by vehicle in the first degree, reckless driving. Okay, so the clerk tells them; right? They tell them on August 29th of 2023. What contact did they make with any of the victims pursuant to Tracker at that point? Zero. Zero. They did not inform them. They did not tell them it was coming. They didn't give them time to travel. They didn't give them time to prepare. Their office was put on notice pursuant to this notice that is in your file. They had no contact. It is undisputed for a year, a year with her, and then the morning they tell them. It's unacceptable. It is completely unacceptable.

And I think you said to Mr. Wilson something very pertinent. Not all the cases are the same. Jim died.

Jim. I'll say his name out loud because they haven't done it once in this hearing, not once. Jim. Ms. Wilson, he loved you. He was your husband. He's looking down upstairs at you and proud of you in this moment. As long as we keep saying it and as long as this Court finds a Marsy's Law violation, he will not die twice. Stop this, Judge Stephens, please, and find them in violation of Marsy's Law. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. First to the issue of the marriage under O.C.G.A. §19-3-1.1: No common law marriage

shall be entered into in this state on or after January the 1st of 1997. Otherwise valid common law marriages entered into prior to January the 1st, 1997, shall not be affected by this code section and shall continue to be recognized in this state. So there's a case as recent as January the 4th of 2002, 253 Ga. App. 147, Franklin versus Franklin, which among many other cases, articulates the three aspects, the elements that have to be established. When the alleged marriage is unlicensed and nonceremonial, the burden is on the proponent to prove that a In order for a common law common law marriage existed. marriage to come into existence, the parties must be able to contract, which they were; must agree to live together as man and wife, which they did; and must consummate the agreement, which they also did.

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So I find by a preponderance of the evidence that Susan Wilson was the spouse of the deceased, James V.

Jones. And as the spouse then under §17-17-3, the Crime Victims Bill of Rights, she was a victim. And the Tracker notes, along with Ms. Hayes' testimony, establish, I believe, that the State always considered Ms. Wilson as the primary victim in the case. So as such, under §17-17-1, Susan Wilson was entitled to reasonable, accurate, and timely notice of scheduled court proceedings. She would have been entitled to the right to be heard at a scheduled

1	plea and sentencing hearing. But she was not promptly
2	notified in this case because the morning-of is not prompt
3	notification and she had no meaningful opportunity to
4	exercise her rights.
5	So she was a victim. She did not receive a
6	meaningful opportunity to exercise her rights to be heard,
7	and she should have been given the opportunity to make the
8	victim impact statement that she made today at the
9	appropriate time.
10	So I find that the State did violate the Crime
11	Victims Bill of Rights and that and that's my finding
12	and that will be the order that I enter. Any questions?
13	MR. EPPS: No, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: All right. I'll get the order out.
15	MR. EPPS: Do you want to draft that or would you
16	want me to draft an order and submit
17	THE COURT: I'll draft it.
18	MR. EPPS: Yes, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
20	MR. EPPS: Thank you.
21	[Proceeding is concluded.]
22	

CERTIFICATE

STATE OF GEORGIA

COUNTY OF JACKSON

I, Misti H. Colley, Certified Court Reporter, -2516, hereby certify that the foregoing pages numbered 2 through 192 constitute a true, complete and accurate transcript of hearing on Marsy's Law violation in the case of <u>State v. Luke Harrison Waldrop</u>, heard before the Honorable Lawton E. Stephens, Judge of the Superior Courts of the Western Judicial Circuit, Athens-Clarke County Case No. SU-22-CR-0321-S, SU-23-CR-0477-S, taken down by me and transcribed under my supervision to the best of my ability.

I further certify that I am a disinterested party to this action and that I am neither of kin nor counsel to any of the parties hereto.

This certification is expressly withdrawn and denied upon disassembly, photocopying, or duplication in any manner or upon certification of the foregoing transcript or any part thereof by any person or entity other than by me. This certification is further expressly withdrawn and denied absent my original signature and original seal appearing hereon below.

In witness whereof, I hereby affix my hand on this the 20th day of February, 2024.

Misti H. Colley, CCR-2516